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Regd. No. B 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B 1065

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

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"Ankhi-Khoosh"—
"Ankhi-Khoosh"
EYE-DROP
A wonderful specific for Ophthalmia and all Sore and Mattering Eyes, acts like a charm for Tired, Watering or Itching Eyes.
Absolutely Harmless. Very Soothing for the Eyes. Ankhi-Khoosh Never Fails. Ankhi-Khoosh does not smart.
CAN BE HAD FROM ALL CHEMISTS.

ALARM SIGNAL FROM THAILAND

WAR MAY FLARE UP ANY MOMENT!

Premier's Surprise Siamese People

BANGKOK, September 22.

The warning, that "a war involving Thailand may flare up at any moment", which was uttered by the Thai Prime Minister, Field Marshal Luang Pibul Songgram, in a broadcast on Saturday night came as a complete surprise to his listeners.

The people were totally unprepared for such a grave message, especially as the whole country is at present in the midst of the three-day celebrations of the sixteenth birthday of the King of Thailand.

Well-informed circles are unable to guess the reason for the sudden alarm.

THE HUNAN BATTLE
Chinese Strategy And Japanese Losses

CHUNGKING, Sept. 22.

After holding the Japanese advance along the south bank of the Milo river, strong Chinese columns on the north bank have struck westward attacking the Japanese flank, declared a Chinese military spokesman at to-day's press conference in reviewing the Hunan battle.

He added: "After preliminary operations against the Chinese who are holding out in the Tayunshan mountains on the north bank of the Sintsiang river in order to cover Japanese concentrations and remove the Chinese threat to the Japanese rear, the Japanese main body comprising 80,000 troops, 20 warships, 200 motor trucks and 100 aircraft launched an offensive on September 18, crossed the Sintsiang river and continued to advance southward.

CHINESE STRATEGY

They crossed the Milo river on September 20 at a place approximately fifty miles north of Changsha, the capital of the Hunan province and the objective of the Japanese drive. The Chinese adopted the tactics of drawing the Japanese troops into lines and then points after which the Chinese isolated and attacked separate points. The Chinese, therefore, only offered perfunctory resistance in the early stages of the battle drawing the Japanese further southward until they reached the south bank of the Milo river when the Chinese suddenly counter-attacked on September 20.

15,000 JAPANESE CASUALTIES

Simultaneously strong Chinese columns on the Japanese eastern flank moved westward in three columns cutting the Japanese left flank in two and forcing the Japanese to halt temporarily their southward advance and divert part of their troops to meet the Chinese menace in the rear. It is estimated that the Japanese have suffered 15,000 casualties hitherto in five days of battle. The Japanese have 10,000 men on the south bank of the Milo river, 30,000 on the north bank and another 40,000 in reserve".

The battle is still progressing. —Reuter.

Mutiny Of Puppet Troops

PEIPING, Sept. 22.

The mutiny of the Chinese "Pacification Corps" at Chingsuachen in North Honan on September 12 is admitted by the Japanese semi-official Domei Agency.

The admission follows the recent Chungking report of the mutiny of 30,000 'puppet' troops of Wang-Ching-Wei's regime in North Honan Province.

The Japanese message gives the number of the mutineers as 200 and says that some Japanese officers were killed. It adds that the mutineers were being rounded up by the Japanese troops.

Informed observers here believe that the true figure of the mutineers is probably around 2,000 at the most. They point out that there are not 30,000 'puppet' troops in the whole of occupied China.

The mutiny, though of no military importance, is significant in view of the recent repeated statements by the Japanese Army that it was hoped soon to reduce the Japanese forces of occupation.—Reuter.

Hull Favours Revision Of Neutrality Act

WASHINGTON, Sept. 22.

Mr. Cordell Hull indicated that he favoured a revision of the Neutrality Act.

Mr. Cordell Hull recalled that when the 1935 Act was passed he had said that it was as likely to get the United States into war as keep the United States out of war.

The deletion of the arms embargo from that Act, Mr. Hull made clear, is not sufficient to clear the way for aid to Britain.

Asked whether there was undue pessimism regarding the plight of Russia, Mr. Hull said from the way the Russians were fighting there did not seem to be any pessimism over there.

Mr. Hull also said that diplomatic negotiations were continuing in an effort to work out a settlement between Peru and Equador.

Mr. Cordell Hull said that he had tried for some time to indicate that he believed that the Neutrality Act should be changed, but declined to predict whether or when the repeal or revision might be expected.

According to American Dow Jones Agency, the Secretary of State indicated that he had discussed revision or repeal of the Act with congressional leaders as a means of furthering aid to Britain.

Replying to the question whether another letter had been received by President Roosevelt from the Japanese Prime Minister, Prince Konoye, Mr. Hull said that he had no information about it.—Reuter.

JAPAN WON'T ENTER WAR

COLOMBO, Sept. 22.

"I don't think that Japan stands to gain anything by entering the European war and I think the Japanese generally recognise that. Britain and her Allies are ready for any eventuality", declared Sir Geoffry Northcote, retiring Governor of Hongkong, who arrived here accompanied by Lady Northcote.

Agreeing with Mr. Duff Cooper's recent observations Sir Geoffry declared that Japan isolated herself of her own accord. She certainly is isolated in the sense that she can get no help from her partners. The Axis has to make a big bend before it can get round from Italy to her.—A. P.

Linlithgow's Term Extended

To Continue As Viceroy Till April 1943

SIMLA, September 22.

The following announcement has been issued from 10 Downing Street.

His Majesty the King has been pleased to approve that H. E. the Most Honourable the Marquess of Linlithgow, Viceroy and Governor-General of India, should hold office for a further period until April, 1943.—A. P.

LORD LINLITHGOW, whose term of Viceroyalty has been extended till April 1943.

Who Is Your Next Of Kin?

LAHORE, Sept. 22.

Purely as a precautionary measure, the Government of India advise all members of the public to carry with them the name and address of their next of kin or some other person whom they would wish to be notified in the event of their becoming an air raid casualty, says a Press Note.

It may be repeated, the note concludes: "That this suggestion is intended to serve purely as a precautionary measure, and that no air attack is imminent.—United Press.

IRAN'S NEW MINISTERS

Ex-Shah Cedes All His Property To His People

TEHERAN, Sept. 22.

Seven new Ministers are included in the reconstituted Iranian Cabinet which the Premier, Mr. Foroughi, presented to the Parliament, writes "Reuter's" special correspondent. The remaining four members were in the makeshift Cabinet formed after the cessation of the Persian military resistance. The most important new Ministers are:—

FOREIGN AFFAIRS: Ali Sohaili, formerly Minister of Interior and one time Ambassador at Kabul.

WAR: General Ahmed Nakhjevan, whom the Shah dismissed from the War Ministry and threw into prison when the "cease fire" was ordered.

INTERIOR: General Amanolah Jahanbani, educated in Russia, whom the Shah two years ago, in a moment of rage, dismissed from the Ministry of Industry and deprived him of his generalships.

EDUCATION: Doctor Issa Sadiq educated at Cambridge, Paris and the Columbia University.

The new Cabinet is regarded as politically strong.

EX-SHAH CEDES ALL PROPERTY

The two Emissaries sent by the Government to the ex-Shah at Ispahan have now returned bearing a letter in which the ex-Shah cedes all his property in Iran to the Iranian people. The Shah still retains his enormous wealth deposited in foreign banks mostly in America.

NO OCCUPATION OF TEHERAN

SIMLA, Sept. 22.

Owing to atmospheric disturbances communications with Iran and Iraq have, in the last few days, been subject to interference, says a Press 'communique.'

It has now been established that the recent Press and Radio reports to the effect that Allied troops had occupied Teheran were incorrect. Allied forces are still encamped outside the city. —A. P.

Sir Earle Page, Minister of Commerce, has left for London as representative of the Australian Government.

WILL CONGRESS M. L. A.s ATTEND ASSEMBLY?

Rajen Babu's Reply: C. R.'s Release May Lead To Review Of Situation

WARDHA, Sept. 22.

"There is no change in the situation that warrants the Congress Party's presence in the Central Assembly," observed Babu Rajendra Prasad when questioned regarding the Congress Party's attendance during discussions on the Indo-Burma Emigration Bill in the coming session of the Assembly.

"The question would, however, be considered with an open mind," he added. "There is still time for the Assembly session, and the question of attendance would be best discussed, taking into consideration the situation then prevailing."

It is understood that the same viewpoint was expressed when the members of the Burma Indian Delegation had talks with Rajen Babu.

Now that eight members of the Congress Working Committee are already out of jail, it is expected that after the release of Mr. C. Rajagopalachari, another member, next month the whole situation would be reviewed.—United Press.

EX-MINISTER RAJAN RELEASED

TRICHINOPOLY, Sept. 22.

Dr. T. S. S. Rajan, former Minister, who was the first Satyagrahi in Tamilnad to court imprisonment, was released from the Trichinopoly Central Jail this morning on the expiry of his term of one year's imprisonment.

A large gathering of Congressmen was present at the jail gate to receive him. Dr. Rajan thanked them for the reception and then motored to his residence in Trichinopoly.

Rajan On Future Programme

If the nation was dissatisfied with the results obtained so far it was open to it to alter the method of the struggle in consultation with Mahatma Gandhi either through the All-India Congress Committee or the Congress Working Committee, said Dr. T. S. S. Rajan, Former Minister, who was released to-day in a statement to the Press.

In any case, said Dr. Rajan, nothing should be done to hinder the work of the leader who was the mainstay in their struggle.

He would suggest to Congress members who would neither be able to go to jail nor do any constructive work to await the release of Mr. Rajagopalachariar next month by which time, he believed, the majority of the Working Committee members would be outside the jail. He was sure they were not going to sit quiet with folded hands and look on. Some important decision was bound to be arrived at after due consideration, he added.—A. P.

Isolationists Won't Hinder It

WASHINGTON, Sept. 22.

Senator Wheeler, Chairman of the Foreign Relations Committee, in a statement says, that he would not permit Isolationist attempts to prevent help being given to Soviet Russia.—Reuter.

Defence Of Dakar

LONDON, Sept. 22.

The Vichy Cabinet has approved of a new plan for the defence of Dakar prepared by the Vichy High Commissioner for French North Africa.

This was stated in Vichy by the High Commissioner himself who added that the city would be defended at all costs from whatever quarter the attack might come.

It will be recalled there have been persistent reports of German penetration into Dakar. These reports were flatly denied by the High Commissioner who asserted that the defence of Dakar had been entrusted to Frenchmen and Frenchmen alone.—Reuter.

STOP PRESS

SOVIET'S NEW DEFENCE LINE.

ROME, Sept. 22.

The special correspondent of the official Italian News Agency wired to-night that Marshal Budenny had withdrawn most of the army that escaped encirclement east of Kiev across the Donetz river. The Soviet High Command, he added, evidently hoped to establish a new defence line on the east bank.—Reuter.

LEASE-LEND LEGISLATION

WASHINGTON, Sept. 22.

President Roosevelt was informed this morning that the passage of Lease-Lend Legislation would be expedited but it is not expected to reach the House for a fortnight owing to the decision to add some additional appropriation items largely for defence.

The House Majority Leader, Mr. McCormack emphasised the possibility of German pressure against Britain increasing and said that President Roosevelt regarded it imperative that amplified armaments production under the Lease-Lend Bill should begin immediately.—Reuter.

TOKIO AWAITS OPPORTUNITY?

NEW YORK, Sept. 22.

At least a million Japanese troops have been sent to Manchukuo and Korea in recent weeks according to a Manila telegram quoting "usually reliable" sources. Since late June, it added, events within Japan have pointed unmistakably to a move against Siberian in the event of Germany being successful in Russia.—Reuter.

REDS AND NAZIS FIGHT WITH SAVAGE FURY

Leningrad Returns Blow For Blow: Timoshenko Keeps Enemy Guessing: Children Play While Fierce Battle Rages: Every Victory, A Nightmare

LONDON, Sept. 22.

In the approaches to Leningrad the Germans and Russians are interlocked in savage attacks and counter-attacks. Scores of German divebombers sweep over the Russian lines. Russian heavy artillery and armoured troops pound German positions and naval guns from the Baltic shell the enemy flank.

According to reports from Finland, Finnish troops operating north-east of Leningrad beyond Lake Ladoga are now nearing Lake Onega.

Behind the German-Finnish lines, Russian guerillas have been active and during a week's operation one unit travelled eighty, miles mining roads and destroying bridges.

Rumanian Advance?

VICHY:—Italian press reports states that Rumanian troops have taken Ovidiopolis, 25 miles southwest of Odessa, after heavy fighting and are now advancing along the coast towards Odessa.

Ovidiopolis is near the mouth of the Dneister which marks the old frontier between Rumania and the U.S.S.R.

Timoshenko Keep Nazis Guessin

A British Official Wirelsss message says:—

In Smolensk and Leningrad sectors continuance of heavy fighting is reported. The plans of General Timoshenko, whose forces are engaged in the Smolensk Sector, are keeping the enemy guessing. The reasons for the slowing down of Russian advance towards Smolensk may be withdrawal of troops to provide relief in other sectors or preparations for intensive Russian counter-offensive.

During September 19|20 the Red Air Force carried out a number successful attacks on enemy aerodromes. On both days on the north-western front four enemy aerodromes were attacked and planes destroyed by bombs and machine-gun fire—43 on ground and six in aerial combat.

In another sector of the north-western front Russian aircraft in dive bombing attack destroyed 12 enemy planes on ground and shot down three in aerial combat.

On the central front one air squadron destroyed 29 enemy planes on an aerodrome. On the north-western front a Russian unit annihilated a German company and destroyed a motor car, killing a General and four officers.

On the central front Russian units in a daring attack on September 20, annihilated one battalion of the 71st German infantry division. Six tanks twenty machines guns and eight guns were destroyed.

On the same front Russian troops inflicted heavy loss on a battalion of German infantry and ejected the enemy from his position. Three anti-aircraft batteries and wireless station were captured. The Russians captured quantity rifles and ammunition and threw the enemy back six kilometres.

Reds Not Despondent

"Reuter's" special correspondent in Russia writes:—

I am writing this dispatch from Yelnya, the principal town of the large salient which the Russians recaptured after smashing eight German divisions in a month-long battle which has proved one of the war's fiercest struggles.

It is now nearly a week since I left Moscow on my first trip to the front accorded to any foreign journalist. Since then I have travelled along many roads—often incredible roads—along the Smolensk sector of the Eastern Front.

I have talked with soldiers who fought through the entire campaign which only ended with the German failure to break through to Moscow and who have since fought in operations which led to the recapture of a considerable section of Russian territory.

I sat in an open air mess with the Officers of one division barely one mile from the front lines, while an artillery duel was in full progress. One night I spent with a front line battery. Another night I spent at a front line hospital sleeping on a stretcher.

I have talked with pilots who had just landed after bombing German aerodromes behind Smolensk. At Viasma I was myself bombed.

In this recaptured section of Russian soil I saw all the horrors of war. I saw villages completely flattened out by gunfire and bombs. I saw graves of thousands of Germans and Russians.

I saw much wretchedness.

I saw many Guernicas (the historic Spanish town destroyed by German airmen during the Spanish civil war), I saw towns and villages which have been wantonly burned out by the Germans in their "terror raids".

I talked with inhabitants who had lost everything and yet returned with the Russian army to the place which had once been their home.

I have also seen women milking cows and children playing happily within a few miles of the front line and with the roar of artillery filling lovely autumn days.

I have seen anger and hatred.

But there is one thing I have not seen—I have seen no despondency.

One recaptured village I visited remains very vividly in my memory. Unlike so many others there are a few houses still standing but the only inhabitants were one peasant, three children and one blind woman, and she had been rendered insane by the experiences through which she had passed. I saw her wandering through carrying from place to place her only possessions —one pail, one sheepskin and a few pathetic rags. But the three children were already busy digging up potatoes from recaptured fields. Hereabouts and eastwards the countryside was devastated by the Germans before they were driven out by a Russian pincer movement further west. The result of this pincer movement was that thousands of Germans were killed or captured while other German forces were compelled to withdraw rapidly from the bottleneck, abandoning strong positions and masses of equipment. The Germans are now eleven miles west of Yelnya and are being driven still further away. Smolensk is still in German hands but the Russians are not very far off. In Yelnya the only building relatively intact is one church. The remainder of this town which formerly had 5,000 inhabitants now consists mainly of few chimney-stacks and heaps of rubble and ashes.

Turn To Labour Gangs

A large number of inhabitants trapped by the sudden arrival of the Germans were formed into forced Labour gangs, sent to the German rear and nobody knows what happened to them.

But some escaped into the woods or managed to reach the Russian lines while others are still trickling back though there is nowhere in the town left to live. When the Germans decided to evacuate the town on the night of September 4, they ordered the remaining few hundred inhabitants, inhabitants, mostly old people and children, to assemble inside the Church which they then locked up. Before leaving the town the Germans systematically set fire to every house which had so far escaped destruction and it was into this burning inferno that Russian troops re-entered.

I travelled to-day along a road where the Germans retreated before abandoning Yelna. I started in the morning from Dorogobuzh, which has never been in German hands but which was almost completely destroyed by terror raids during July. It was uncanny driving in the darkness through an unknown town with silhouettes of nothing but burnt out houses with the sky showing through all the windows—like skulls instead of faces.—Reuter.

MEDICAL AID TO RUSSIA

LONDON, Sept. 22.

It is learned authoritatively that Mr. Churchill has invited the President of Royal College of Physicians, Sir Charles Wilson, to join the British Mission to Moscow. Sir Charles Wilson will report to Mr. Churchill on the question of any medical aid that should be given to the U.S.S.R.—Reuter.

Our Tabulated Adlets

1 Anna Per Word Minimum Re. 1.

CHHOTA CHHOTA ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these Columns on cash payment only and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Numericals (up to 10 figures) and Abbreviations are to be counted as complete words

SPECIAL REDUCTION in our scheduled rate of one anna per word will be allowed until further notice at the rate of 25 p.c. on all CASH PAYMENTS provided the same Adlet is to appear for three times or more in a week. The complete week to be calculated from Monday to Sunday.

STILL ONE MORE FACILITY is offered to our Adletisers. Tabulated Adlets that appear in the "BOMBAY CHRONICLE" if repeated the same evening in the "BOMBAY SENTINEL" will be charged for the "SENTINEL" at half-anna per word per insertion without any further reduction whatsoever.

ADLETS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words —Box No. (——), "The Bombay Chronicle",—must be paid for. The management reserves the right to revise any Adlet or refuse publication without assigning any reason for doing so.

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPE WRITTEN Adlets will ensure correct insertion. No responsibility for any mistake, oversight, misprint, etc., will be accepted by the Management. Replies to the Adlets should be sent for often to avoid heavy congestion at our office.

1. PERSONAL ADLETS

Old Boys of Maharaja's College, Ernakulam, residing in Bombay, please communicate with Kumar Dass, R.I.N. Castle, Bombay. (15087)

20. MATRIMONIAL

Respectable Brahmin Bachelor, travelled abroad Reputed Artist wants a Beautiful Bride tall very fair accomplished. Box No. 15095 "The Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted a highly accomplished and healthy bride over 22 years of age for a Muslim Gazetted officer, permanent Govt. Service, aged 31, drawing Rs. 450/- p.m. No caste or religious restrictions. Muslim will be preferred. Respectable family only should apply Box No. 15092, "Bombay Chronicle."

Introductions for Friendship, Trade, other 431 hobbies arranged by Globe Introduction League of Agra and Hyderabad Deccan, Central Office 3442, Chilli-Int., Agra Members 11,595 (both). (15055)

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted a Market Inspector in the grade of Rs. 40-3-58-4-70. Those who have passed Matriculation Examination—L.S.G.D. preferred—need apply to the President, Parle-Andheri Municipality, Nehru Road, Vile Parle, before 4th October, 1941. (6126)

Wanted qualified and experienced Overseers on temporary establishment for indefinite period on Rs 60-4-100 (E.B.)-5-150 (E.B.)-5-175. Application to reach the undersigned by 5-10-41 the latest. Sd. R. V. M. Buchanan Lt. Col. B. E. O.B.E., Sind District. (6132)

Wanted Horticulturist as Garden Superintendent in Kathiawad. Apply stating qualifications, experience and salary required to Box No. 6104, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted first class M.Sc., or B.Sc. for a Chemical Company. Write with full particulars, age, past experience etc. and remuneration expected to Box No. 15077, "Bombay Chronicle."

European Export House require experienced Indian Assistant must be fully conversant export textile trade able to select buy cloth yarn conduct correspondence competently. Good salary to suitable candidate. Apply Box 6107, "Bombay Chronicle" giving full particulars.

Applications are invited for the post of Senior Farm Superintendent for a large Sugarcane Estate in the Deccan. Bright future prospects for those really capable. Those possessing high qualifications and considerable practical experience need only apply stating age, qualifications, previous experience and salary expected and enclosing copies of testimonials to Box No. 15093, "Bombay Chronicle."

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT Announcements Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

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1st Insertion	Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	Rs. 5-8-0
3rd and Subsequent Insertions	Rs. 4-8-0

Mofussil advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

NOTICE.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for a post of PHYSICAL ASSISTANT in the grade of Rs. 150-10-300-20-400 for the research laboratories of the Director of Scientific and Industrial Research, Alipore, Calcutta. Candidates must possess a high honours degree in engineering, mechanical or electrical or both, or an advanced degree in Applied Physics. Previous research experience in an industrial subject, natural aptitude for research, originality of thought and experimental skill will be given special consideration. Applications must reach the undersigned before October 1st 1941, giving all particulars including the age and experience of candidates.

DIRECTOR,
Scientific & Industrial Research,
1-B, Judge's Court Road, Alipore, Calcutta. 6127

THE CENTRAL INDIA SPINNING, WEAVING & MANUFACTURING CO., LTD.

NOTICE

THE 67TH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the Company will be held at the registered office, "Bombay House" Bruce Street, Fort, Bombay, on THURSDAY, 16th October, 1941, at 4-0 p.m. (S.T.) when the usual resolutions regarding the adoption of the Directors' Report and the Accounts for the year, ended 30th June, 1941, the declaration of dividends, the election of Directors and the Appointment of Auditors will be submitted.

The dividends, if sanctioned, will be paid from MONDAY, 27th October, 1941.

By order of the Board of Directors,
TATA SONS, LTD.,
Managing Agents,
S. D. SAKLATVALA,
Director.
Bombay, 22nd September, 1941. (6124)

NOTICE

THE CENTRAL INDIA SPINNING WEAVING & MANUFACTURING COMPANY, LIMITED.

LOST OR MISPLACED

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that one Certificate of Preference Share bearing No. 6219 of the face value of Rs. 500/- fully paid up of the Central India Spinning Weaving & Manufacturing Company, Limited, standing in the name of Miss Piroja Pestonji Panday and purchased by me has been LOST or MISPLACED and cannot be traced.

Any person claiming any interest in the said Share must notify the same to the above Company at its Registered Office, Bombay House, Bruce Street, Fort, Bombay or to the undersigned, within 14 days hereof, as application for the duplicate Share Certificate has been made by me to the Company.

MOTILAL TRIBHOVANDAS CHOKSI,
Share and Stock Broker.
Address.—
Anand Bhuvan, Block A No. 402, Vithalbhai Patel Road,
BOMBAY. (6131)

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Applications invited from experienced and influenced gentleman in unrepresented areas for Depot Managers, Sole Agents and Canvassing Representatives for our high grown Nilgiri Teas. Salary, Commission and allowances liberal. Apply to the Bluehills Tea Company, Mettupalaiyam (Nilgiris). (15091)

322. MACHINERY FOR SALE

Cot-Silk Mill Stores, Accessories, Spindles springs, Shuttles, Bobbins, Picking Sticks, Bands, Heald frames, Lattice Fillets, Needles, Chains, Tongues, Wire-spring Machines, Laprods., Avery 5' scale complete, Electric hangers, etc. Stockists: Shroff Bros. & Co., Bank Street, Bombay. Tel. 23712. (15089)

327. AGENTS WANTED

Wanted Agents for our Coloured and white M.O.P. Buttons, Horn Buttons and Combs, and Fancy Sarees. Good terms The Incorporated Traders, 61-62, Municipal Office St. Dacca. (15067)

PHOTOGRAPHY

Closing Date of Photographic Society of India's Exhibition Entries extended—27th September. Local entries may be handed in between 4 and 7 p.m. (15094)

Public Notices

NOTICE TO BOMBAY REGIONAL MOTOR OWNERS

OWNERS OF MOTOR VEHICLES, residing in the Bombay Region are informed that the second quarter of the tax period ends on 30-9-41. Those who have paid tax upto 30-9-41 only should pay or remit now to the "Motor Vehicles and Taxation Department, Head Police Office, Bombay", a further tax for one or two quarters of the current year 1941-42 so that it may be credited on or before 15-10-41.

Cheques should only be drawn in favour of the Dy. Commissioner of Police, M. V. and Taxation, Bombay or the Executive Officer, Regional Transport Authority, Bombay. Where tax is paid by cheques, the tax tokens and registration certificates will only be issued after the cheques are encashed by the Bank. Any delay in payment of tax due to any irregularity or otherwise, will render the owner or the person in possession of the vehicle, liable to a penalty.

Motor owners are further informed that under Rule 26 of the B. M. V. Tax Rules, 40 nonuse intimations should be sent so as to reach this office on or before the date of expiry of the period for which tax has been paid.

(Sd.) E. SHEEHY,
Dy. Commissioner of Police,
M. V. & Taxation,
Bombay.

Head Police Office,
Bombay, 22nd Sept. 1941.

WANTED FOR PATNA MEDICAL COLLEGE HOSPITAL

(1) A SISTER TUTOR—Salary:—Rs. 200-10/2-250 plus Rs. 50/- messing allowance per mensem with rent-free accommodation in Nurses' Home, uniform allowance of Rs. 100 per annum.

Must be General and Midwifery trained and must have teaching experience. She should be able to teach in English as well as in Hindustani.

(2) NURSING SISTER—European, Anglo-Indian or Indian. General and Midwifery certificates essential—preference will be given to one having experience in Theatre work. Salary:—Rs. 125-9-170 p.m. plus Rs. 50 p.m. for board and servant and Uniform allowance of Rs. 100 per annum. Free furnished quarters with lights and fans etc., to a certain limit.

(3) INDIAN STAFF NURSES, for the Itki Sanatorium, Ranchi. Must be at least General trained —maternity training will be considered an additional qualification.

Salary Rs. 35-1-45 p.m.—messing allowance Rs. 20/- and uniform Rs. 23/-

Free furnished quarters with electric lights and fans.

Apply with copies of certificates and testimonials stating age, nationality, where trained, on or before the 6th October 1941, to—
SECRETARY,
Nurses' Selection Committee,
Patna Medical College Hospital,
P. O. Bankipore, Patna. (6069)

Legal Notices

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mrs. KAMALA CHIMANLAL SHAH, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant, has contracted to sell the undermentioned property known as "NISHAT" situate at Carmichael Road, to our client.

ALL persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever, are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at No. 51, Mahatma Gandhi Road, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY

ALL that piece or parcel of Government Leasehold land or ground being Plot No. 6 of the Cumbala Hill Estate of the Government of Bombay together with the messuages, tenements or dwelling houses standing thereon within the City and Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 1926 Square Yards or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Rent Roll No. 8430 and Cadastral Survey No. 2K/733 of the Malabar Hill and Cumbala Hill Division and in the Books of the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under "D" Ward No. 3495(7A), Street No. 7A and bounded as follows:—that is to say, on or towards the North by a Road, on or towards the South by Government Plot No. 7 agreed to be leased to Mr. M. B. Mehta, on or towards the East by a Road and on or towards the West by a Road.

Dated this 22nd day of September, 1941.

MANILAL KHER AMBALAL & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys. (6133)

Public Notices

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT

NOTICE

SEALED PERCENTAGE RATE TENDERS for "Reconstructing in R.C.C. the existing deteriorated wooden galleries of the Elphinstone College, Bombay, costing Rs. 52,725/- will be received in the office of the undersigned on MONDAY, the 6th October, 1941, up to 4-0 p.m. (S.T.) and opened on the same day.

Tender forms at Rs. 5/- each and other particulars may be obtained from this office on any working day up to 4-0 p.m. (S.T.) (1-0 p.m. on Saturdays) except the day of receiving tenders.

The amounts of earnest money and Security Deposit are Rs. 700/- and Rs. 2,500/- respectively.

N. V. S. MURTI,
Executive Engineer, Presidency.
Bombay, 20-9-1941. (6128)

NOTIFICATION

THE SVADESHI MILLS COMPANY, LIMITED.

SHARE CERTIFICATES LOST.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that two Ordinary Share Certificates, bearing Nos. 12370 and 8515 of the Svadeshi Mills Company, Limited, standing in my name, have been LOST or MISPLACED. Any person claiming any interest in the said shares must notify the same to the above Company at its Registered Office, "Bombay House," Bruce Street, Fort, Bombay, and to the undersigned, within one month hereof, as application for duplicate share certificates has been made by me to the Company.

SONI LALJI KARSONJI,
Mangrol, (Kathiawar).
Date 23rd September, 1941. (15096)

Legal Notices

HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY

INSOLVENCY NO. 219 OF 1941

Re. JEHANGIR SORABJI PATEL, residing at Keki Lodge, Room No. 29, Vincent Square, Dadar .. A Debtor.
Ex parte: (1) Messrs. SHAH AIDANJI VANAJI & CO., and (2) Messrs. BHOORMAL GULABCHAND & CO. .. Petitioning Creditors.

On the 16th day of September, 1941, an order was made by the High Court of Judicature at Bombay in its Insolvency Jurisdiction adjudging the abovenamed Debtor an Insolvent.

Dated this 22nd day of September, 1941.

S. S. RANGNEKAR,
Insolvency Registrar. (6129)

Auction Sales

AUCTION SALE of 8 Bales Bukhedi and 24 Bales Busoga Cotton (Country Damaged) on WEDNESDAY, the 24th September, 1941, at 2-30 P.M. at Godown J 136, Cotton Depot, Sewree, by order of the Insurance Company concerned.

Particulars and conditions of sale from

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.,
123, Medows Street, Bombay.

BENNETT & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF A.R. BUKHEDI AFRICAN COTTON.

Under instructions from and on behalf of the concerned, Messrs. BENNETT & CO. will sell by public Auction on THURSDAY, the 25th September, 1941 at 2-15 P.M. (S.T.) the undermentioned lying in M/s Ralli Bros. godown No. H 122 at Sewree Cotton Depot.

50 Bales A. R. Bukhedi African Cotton (country damaged).

Terms.—25 per cent deposit.

BENNETT & CO.

OPENS NEXT THURSDAY

प्रभात चित्र
IT'S PRABHAT

PRABHAT'S FILM BIOGRAPHY OF A Frail Girl Who Fought The World

'SANT SAKHU'

AT CENTRAL

"A FAMOUS PICTURES LTD." RELEASE

City Fathers' Move For Eradicating Slum Evil

Commissioner Asked To Submit Report: Demand For Action Against B. E. S. T. & Co. Under Shops & Establishments Act

The discussion on the question of the slums in the city occupied major portion of the time of the Municipal Corporation on Monday. The proposition was moved by Mr. Motichand G. Kapadia requesting the Municipal Commissioner to submit at an early date schemes for eradicating the evil within the next 10 years in a thorough and systematic manner with an appropriate financial forecast, indicating the cost involved in the acquisition of properties, widening of streets and bye-lanes, construction of roads and such other improvements as may be considered necessary, the revenue likely to be realized by way of sale of surplus lands acquired and the contribution required to be made out of general revenues for meeting the Debt Charges in respect of the loans raised for the purpose."

"High Sounding"

Mr. M. I. Rowji thought the proposition as high sounding, which would take a number of years to complete and a large amount of money.

Mr. Jamnadas M. Mehta moved an amendment for adding the words "the elimination and reduction of slum areas".

Mr. A. P. Sabawala characterised the proposition as an election stunt.

Mr. M. V. Donde, Mr. M. E. Joshi, Mr. M. N. Talpade, Mr Jamnadas Dwarkadas, Mr. M. M. Bhat and Dr. S. P. Mehta also spoke.

COMMISSIONER EXPLAINS.

The Municipal Commissioner said the question of slum clearance was very important as it affected the, health and social as well as economic life of the city. It took a number of years to clear slums in England and America and it is not possible to clear slums in the city within a period of 10 years. In 1925-1926 the Municipal Corporation requested the Municipal Commissioner to submit a scheme for the slum clearance in Kamatipura and Marine Lines. This was done showing the first scheme costing Rs. 52 lacs and another Rs. 33 lacs but both these schemes have been shelved and Municipal Commissioner has been asked to submit another scheme with reduced expense. The Municipal Executive has asked the Municipal solicitors to amend the Municipal Act, and a draft will be submitted to the Municipal Corporation when the solicitors have completed their labours. It will then go to the Government and he thought it would take at least five years before legislature pass it. When this Act is passed it would be on the lines of Housing Act in England and would help the municipality to clear the slums in progressive stages.

Mr. M. O. E. Patel moved an amendment to enact the measure as soon as possible.

The question was put to vote and the amendments were thrown out and the original proposition was passed by a large majority.

Action Against B. E. S. & T. Company?

Mr. Jamnadas M. Mehta then moved that the Commissioner be requested to report when he proposes to take action against the B.E.S. and T. Co., Ltd., which has failed and neglected to comply with the provisions of the Shops and Establishments Act, and why no action has so far been taken inspite of nearly nine months of default by that Company in carrying out its obligations under the said Act.

The Municipal Commissioner said the B.E.S. and T. Co., had appealed to the Government for immunity for certain class of employees. The Government refused to grant the request. He understood that the B.E.S. and T. Co., had again sent a representation to the Government. If the B.E.S. and T. Co., were prosecuted, perhaps they would have raised the plea that they had represented the matter to the Government and the matter would not have been proceeded against them. He had given time to the B.E.S. and T. Co., that if they did not enforce the Shop Assistant Act by the 15th October, steps will be taken against them. The B.E.S. and T. Co., had carried out the provisions of the Act in the case of majority of employees and there was no discrimination made between a big company and the small shop.

The resolution was carried.

As the Municipal Commissioner assured the Corporation that the work of the improvement of the Colaba Municipal Market was already in hand, Prof. S. R. Davar, withdrew his resolution which he had tabled.

The House then adjourned till Thursday.

National Democratic Unionists To Meet In Conference

Tayab Shaikh, Secretary, National Democratic Union, has issued the following appeal to the Press:—

The Reception Committee of the National Democratic Union has finally fixed up the Bombay Presidency Conference of the National Democratic Union on 11th and 12th October, 1941.

The session of the Conference will begin on Saturday at 5-30 p.m. at Sir Cowasji Jehangir Hall with a speech from Sir Homi Mehta, Chairman of the Reception Committee, followed by the inaugural address of Dr. Yunus of Patna, after which Mr. Muthuswami Mudaliar of Madras, the President-elect, will deliver his Presidential address.

Mr. M. N. Roy who is specially coming to Bombay to attend the Conference will also address the open session.

Junagadh Ruler Suspends Secretariat Order

(From Our Correspondent)
JUNAGADH, Sept. 19.

With a view to mitigate hardships to cultivators of Khalsa villages owing to insufficient Rainfall during the last monsoon the operation of the Secretariat Vernacular order No. 379-89 dated the 2nd January, 1933 is suspended by the Government of the Nawab of Junagadh, so far as the recoveries for the year Samwat 1992 are concerned and it is further directed that the assessment dues for Samwat 1998 be collected in such a manner that neither the cultivators be harassed by the Vahivatdars' subordinates nor the interest of the State may suffer.

NEW DELHI, Sept. 22.—The Divisional Superintendent, Lalmanirhat, E. B. Railway, wires to-day that "Due to heavy flood the line between Sorupeta and Pathsala at miles 276 and at 279 on Parbatipur-Amingaon Section has been rendered unsafe for through passenger train.

Restricted train service will run up to the site of the breach.—A. P.

ZENANA SHOW TO-DAY—12-30 noon

LAST WEEK OF BOMBAY TALKIES'

Naya Sansar

Daily: 3-30, 6-45, 10 p.m.

ROXY

REGAL At 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.

4th WEEK— Last few Days!

Alice FAYE · Don AMECHE · Carmen MIRANDA

'THAT NIGHT IN RIO'

IN TECHNICOLOR!

Also BATTLE of the ATLANTIC

(20th Century Fox Special) and latest War News

DRAWING CROWDS in the 7th WEEK

NATIONAL STUDIOS' SISTER

Starring: SHEIKH MUKHTAR, NALINI JAYWANT, HARISH, KANAIYALAL HUSNA BANU.

Direction: MEHBOOB

TO-DAY AT PATHE

Daily at 3-30, 6-30 & 10 p.m.

Splitting Head?

GENASPRIN

The RAPID Brand of Aspirin

kills pain QUICKLY—time it!

Two tablets of 'Genasprin' will soothe away that throbbing, that dull ache behind the eyes, those awful shooting pains, in a few minutes. 'Genasprin' works quickly because it is absolutely pure and because of its complete split-second disintegration. Doctors all over the world recommend 'Genasprin' because they know it cannot upset your stomach or harm your heart. Buy a tube or bottle to-day.

Sold in tubes of 10 tablets and bottles of 35 tablets by all chemists and bazar dealers. Not touched by hand during manufacture or packing.

At EVERY time of strain or pain 'GENASPRIN' *sees you through*

It gives instant relief from HEADACHE, NERVE-PAIN, TOOTHACHE, NEURALGIA, NEURITIS and RHEUMATISM. It soothes FLUTTERING NERVES and calms HYSTERIA. It checks COLDS and promptly controls DENGUE and other fevers. 'Genasprin' should always be used to fight attacks of MALARIA.

Trade enquiries to :—MARTIN & HARRIS LTD., Mercantile Buildings, Lall Bazar, Calcutta ; Sudama House, Witter Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay ; or any Branches.

The word 'Genasprin' is the registered trade mark of Genatosan Ltd., Loughborough, England.

JUDGE FINED FOR NEGLECT OF DUTY

(From Our Correspondent)
KOLHAPUR, Sept. 22.

Rao Bahadur R. P. Savant, Chief Justice of Kolhapur State has fined Mr. M. A. Doshi, First Class Sub-Judge and Assistant Judge, Kolhapur, one month's salary for dereliction of duty even after serious warning.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 22 December, 2016

METRO
DAILY AT 5-30 - 6-30 - 10 P.M.
TELEPHONE 31045
LAST 2 DAYS!

From London comes this proof -

By taking Phosferine Tonic Wine listlessness and general "fed-upness" leave you. Even during the hot weather, which you may dread, you will find plenty of energy and enthusiasm for life. If you feel the weather, take a wineglassful of Phosferine Tonic Wine two or three times a day. For all who feel "fagged-out" and run down, it is a splendid pick-me-up. In lemonade it will be found most refreshing and bracing.

661, Wandsworth Rd., Clapham, S.W. 8.
After a serious operation at a dangerous age I could not pull round, but since taking Phosferine Tonic Wine I have felt a different woman and benefited greatly. I might add that the doctor at the hospital is very pleased with my improvement.
I feel a new woman after being a great sufferer for twenty one years, and I am glad to say I can now get about my household duties as I have never done before.
I never cease to recommend your Wine to my friends as they all can see such a wonderful improvement in my health and always say Phosferine Tonic Wine will do for you what it has done for me.
(Signed). Mrs. K. CARTER.

PHOSFERINE TONIC WINE
THE CHEAPEST AND MOST PLEASANT WAY TO VITAL HEALTH

BOMBAY & SUBURBS

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-day

Hindu: Aswin Sud 2, 1997
Muslim: Shaban 30, 1360
Parsi: Farvardin 19, 1311
Sunrise: 6h. 28m.
Sunset: 6h. 35m.
Hightide: 01-00; 13-10
Lowtide: 06-54; 19-14
Improvements Committee at 2-30 p.m.

SOUTH INDIAN ASSOCN. (Ladies' Section): Navrathri celebrations in the Astika Samaj Hall, Matunga, at 8-30 p.m. today (Tuesday). Bengali dance by Giri students of "Rupayatana."

PRAYERS FOR THE ALLIES: A special meeting of the Grand Mu'im Mission, Bombay was held to offer special prayers to Allah for the speedy success of the Allies and specially of the British Government in this war.

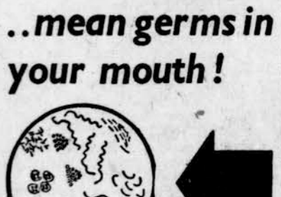
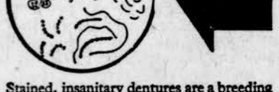
PALAN SOJPAL BUILDING NAVRATRA MAHOTSAVA: Under the auspices of Palan Sojpal Building Navratra Mahotsava there will be a programme of singing by Mr. Kantilal Patanwala in the compound of the above building to-day (Tuesday) at 9 p.m. and loudspeakers will also be installed.

DASERA SAMMELAN: Under the joint auspices of the Young Men's Hindu Association, Hindu Sanrakshan Mandal and the Arya Samaj Dasera Sammelan will be held on the Gowalia Tank Maidan on Tuesday, Sept. 30, at 5-30 p.m. The programme includes Shami Puja, Flag hoisting and Physical feats. Mr. K. M. Munshi will preside.

SARASWAT MAHILA SAMAJ: At a well-attended gathering at Alexandra Road, Gamdevi, the Saraswat Mahila Samaj inaugurated its Silver Jubilee celebrations at 5 p.m. on the 21st Sept. A portrait of the late Lady Laxmibai Chandavarkar in oils by Mr. V. R. Rao, was unveiled by Dr. Miss Kashibai Nowrange, who presided over the function.

TWO LONG YEARS
YOU WAITED for HER

NOW SHE COMES,
The Screen's Queen of Grace
DEVIKA RANI
Co-starring
ASHOK KUMAR
IN
BOMBAY TALKIES'
Anjan
From SATURDAY Next
ROXY

STAINED FALSE TEETH

..mean germs in your mouth!

Stained, insanitary dentures are a breeding ground for germs—it is estimated that over 80% of germs enter the human system through the mouth. Don't give infectious germs a foothold in your mouth—keep your plates both stain-free and germ-free with 'Steradent.'
'Steradent' is the new, scientific cleanser for false teeth. The Dental Profession has given it the highest endorsement—over 10,000 Dentists recommend it. 'Steradent' is harmless, quick and economical. Just shake a little 'Steradent' powder in a glass of warm water. Stir well. Leave your false teeth, plates and bridges in it while you dress or for overnight. Every stain vanishes, including blackest tobacco stains of long standing. The wholesome, flesh-pink colour of your plates is restored. Dull, dingy, discoloured teeth regain their clean, lustrous, life-like appearance. Your plates feel smooth, cool and comfortable — just like new, and there is no unpleasant 'disinfectant' taste.
Brushing is quite unnecessary. 'Steradent' is much more efficient and reaches crevices never touched by any brush. Moreover it sterilises your dentures with a pleasant, harmless, but powerful purifying agent. Made in England.
Agents: ATLANTIS (EAST) LTD., 20/1, CHETLA ROAD, CALCUTTA.
WARNING. Refuse imitations and inferior substitutes. They may damage your plates beyond repair. Insist upon 'Steradent' and take no chances.
Steradent
cleans and sterilizes false teeth

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

CAPITOL—"The Great Lie". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
REGAL—"That Night in Rio". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
METRO—"Maisie was a Lady". Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EXCELSIOR—"Affectionately Yours." Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m
NEW EMPIRE—"The Birth of a Baby". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
LAMINGTON—"Akela". Daily at 4-30, 7 15 and 10 p.m.
PATHE—"Sister". Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Naya Sansar". Daily at 3-30, 6-45 and 10 p.m.
WEST END—"Charano-ki-Dasi". Daily at 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m
MINERVA—"Lagan". Daily at 4-15, 7 and 10 p.m
KRISHNA—"Khazanchi". Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Kanchan". Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
OPERA HOUSE—"Shadi" Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Amrit". Daily at 4, 7 and 9-45 p.m.
CHITRA—"Pardesi". Daily at 4, 6-45 and 9-45 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"Navardev". Daily at 4, 7 and 9-45 p.m.
PALACE—Daily Change of Programme. Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EDWARD—"Zorro's Fighting Legion". Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
NOVELTY—"Padosi". Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.

Gandhi Jayanti Celebrations In The Suburbs

(From Our Correspondent)
KHAR: Sept. 22.

The suburbs have been celebrating the 73rd Gandhi-Jayanti with great enthusiasm. Continuous spinning for 12 hours, competitions in spinning, Khadi exhibitions and sale of Khadi have been the main items in the programmes at Andheri, Vile-Parle, Santa-Cruz and Khar.

Lectures have been arranged for this mid-week as well as the week-ending days. Syt. Dhirajlal Desai and Syt. J. C. Kumarappa are expected to address public meetings at Andheri on 2nd Oct. and 30th inst. respectively.

Bombay War Gifts Fund

Amount previously acknowledged: Rs. 67,51,323/0/3.
For the R.A.F.: Rs. 2,500 the Central Bank of India Ltd. Rs. 2,007 Miss Jane Shuttleworth.
For Armoured Carriers for the Indian Army: Rs. 2,500 the Central Bank of India, Ltd.
Including other donations grand total on Monday: Rs. 67,59,430/6/3.

Saraswat Brahmin Samaj Saraswati Festival

Mr. P.V. Gadgil, Editor "Lokamanya" will deliver a lecture on "Class Distinction in the Present War" at Saraswat Bank Building, Nicadwari, Lane, at 6-30 p.m. today (Tuesday).

Municipal Kamgar Sangh

A monthly meeting of the Bombay Municipal Kamagar Sangh will be held to-day at 7-15 p.m in the office of the Sangh.
Members of the Managing Committee and the officebearers are requested to attend the meeting punctually.

Two Women Drowned

SYLHET Sept. 20.

Two women were drowned when the boat in which they were travelling was caught in a heavy gale in a lake near Patharia and capsized.—A. P.

KHADI AND VILL. INDUS. EXHIBITION AT FORT: The exhibition arranged by the Fort Students' Union during Gandhi Jayanti will be continued till Friday, 26th inst. owing to public demand. The exhibition is held at 71, Bazargate St., Fort at the office of Fort Students' Union. The exhibition will remain open from 8-30 a.m. to 10-30 a.m. and from 2 p.m. to 8 p.m.

FOOTBALL COMMENTARY—All India Radio, Bombay, will broadcast a running commentary on the Final of the Rover's Cup Football Tournament, to be played out at the Cooperage on Tuesday, the 23rd September, 1941, from 5-20 to 6-35 p.m. on 41.44 metres (7,240 kc/s). The commentator will be A. F. S. Talyarkhan.

Hindu Wedding In London

(From Our Correspondent)
LONDON, Sept. 21.

For the first time London witnessed a Hindu marriage performed according to the Vedic rites. The ceremony took place under the auspices of the Hindu Association of Europe at Arya Bhawan, the bride and the bridegroom being Mr. Chanda from Lahore and Miss Patricia from London respectively.

The ceremony was performed by Dr. Pardhy, well-known Birmingham surgeon and Mr. V. R. Bengeri Secretary of the Hindu Association. Many leading Hindus, including Dr. D. N. Dutta, Mr. Subba Rao Barrister of the Privy Council and Dr. Bhutta were present.

BILLS BEFORE MYSORE ASSEMBLY

Preserving Purity Of Cotton & Preventing Labour Strikes

BANGALORE, Sept. 21.

The Dasara Session of the Mysore Representative Assembly which commences on 1st. October, 1941 at the Jagan Mohan Palace, Mysore, has before it a heavy agenda including 23 bills, whereof one is non-official. 193 questions, 166 resolutions and 205 representations.

Among the bills are the Mysore Labour Bill designed to prevent the occurrence of lightning strikes and lock-outs in industrial undertakings and securing their speedy termination by conciliation and arbitration; the air raid precautions services bill for the constitution of a service specially constituted and trained to protect persons and property in the State against hostile attack; the Mysore European British Subjects reinstatement (Amendment) Bill casting statutory liability on an employer in Mysore, of a European British Subject, who was employed by him but called up for national service in the armed forces of the Crown or in Civilian Employment, to reinstate him at the termination of such national service: and a bill to amend the Mysore Railways Act for checking ticketless travelling.

COTTON CONTROL BILL

Another bill aims at consolidating and amending the law relating to the import, transport, storage production, refining and blending of petroleum and other inflammable substances.

The maintenance of the quality and reputation of the cotton grown in certain areas of the Mysore State, the prohibition of the cultivation of inferior varieties of cotton and restriction and control of transport of such inferior varieties into the cotton areas in Mysore and the prevention of mixing of such cotton with the superior varieties, are the objects of another bill entitled the Mysore Cotton Control Bill.

Kabul Party To British Minister

PESHAWAR, Sept. 21.

The Afghan Foreign Minister entertained Sir Francis Wylie, the British Minister at a garden party arranged in the latter's honour in Kabul yesterday evening. The function is described as brilliant. Besides officials of the Afghan Foreign Ministry diplomatic representatives of other powers were also invited.—A. P.

ON THE AIR

TUESDAY, SEPT. 23

Bombay I—Programme

244 metres (1,231 kc/s)
7-30 a.m. Kumar Gandharva. 7-50 Mohammad Khan 8-5 News in Hindustani. 8-15 News in English. 8-25 Mumtaz Begam. 8-40 News in Marathi. 8-50 News in Gujarati. 9 Freedom front and a people's world. 9-5 Dattoba Tawde. 9-20 Air quartet. 12-30 p.m. Sindhi Sangit. 12-45 Marathi pad. 12-57 News in Hindustani. 1 Gujarati geets. 1-10 Dadras Lom discs. 1-20 Mutual understanding. 1-30 News in English. 1-35 Lunch hour music. 4-15 School broadcast. 5 To-morrow. 5-5 Kumar Gandharva. 5-25 News in Marathi. 5-30 News in Gujarati. 5-35 Bhajan and Bhavgeet. 5-50 Mumtaz Begam. 6 News in English. 6-5 News in Hindustani. 6-10 Dattoba Tawde. 6-20 Local news and announcements. 6-25 Local news and announcements. 6-30 Children's half hour. 7 Thoughts in war-time. 6. 7-15 Vocal variety. 7-25 Mumtaz Begam. 7-45 Instrumental music. 7-50 Freedom front and a people's world. 7-55 News in Marathi. 8-10 News in Gujarati. 8-25 Freedom front and a people's world. 8-30 The Jay Walker. 8-45 At a quarter to..... 9 News in Hindustani. 9-15 News commentary in Hindustani. 9-20 News in English. 9-30 B B C News relay. 9-45 War commentary. 9-55 Listening post 10 Chamber music.

Bombay II—Programme

41.44 metres (7,240 kc/s)
7-30 to 8-5 a.m. As in Bombay 1. 8-5 Bhavgeets. 8-15 Flute recital. 8-25 to 8-40 As in Bombay 1. 8-40 Tappa Bhairavin. 8-50 Bhajan in chorus. 9 to 9-30 As in Bombay 1.
41.44 metres (7,240 kc/s)
12-30 to 2-25 p.m. As in Bombay 1.
41.44 metres (7,240 kc/s)
4-15 to 5-25 p.m. As in Bombay 1. 5 25 Kannada song. 5-35 to 6 As in Bombay 1. 6 Kumar Gandharva. 6-10 to 7-15 As in Bombay 1. 7-15 Interval.
61.48 metres (4,880 kc/s)
7-30 p.m Commercial news. 7-45 to 7-55 As in Bombay 1. 7-55 Kusum Shroff and Sisters. 8-10 Mohammad Khan. 8-25 to 9 As in Bombay 1. 9 Air Orchestra. 9-10 Kusum Shroff and Sisters. 9-20 Mohammad Khan. 9-40 Mumtaz Begam. 9-55 Dattoba Tawde. 10-15 Dak Ghar.

Delhi I—Programme

338.6 metres (886 kc/s)
4-30 p.m. For Indian troops in the Far East. 5 Bhajans. 5-15 Sham ke rag. 5-30 B. S. Rawat. 5-45 Malika Pukhraj. 6-15 Afzal Husain. 6-30 Patdeep on sitar. 6-40 Dipali Talukdar. 7 Bhajans. 7-15 Jawab Men. 7-30 Lakshman Prasad. 7-45 For villagers only. 8-30 Afzal Husain 8-45 Malika Pukhraj. 9-30 B B C News relay. 9-45 It has happened. 9-50 Afzal Husain. 10 Bhajans. 10-15 Dipali Talukdar. 10-30 Malika Pukhraj.

Ornaments Worth Rs. 50,000/-
Being Given Away

"NATIONAL NEW GOLD", our immortal invention and truly the 8th wonder of the world, no longer requires an introduction. It is already well known throughout India, and has been unanimously praised by the public and the Press, as being the only one chemical Gold THAT NEVER TARNISHES, and from which most fashionable and delicate ornaments can be prepared.
To popularise further our "NATIONAL NEW GOLD", we have decided to give away, for the time being, a set of samples comprising of 3 tolas of NATIONAL NEW GOLD, 2 pairs of fancy bangles, 2 pairs of ear-rings, 2 finger-rings, all of the most attractive designs along with illustrated catalogue to those who apply now, before the concession is withdrawn.
National New Gold Works, Section 246
Post Box No. 126, DELHI.

FOR BETTER WASHING
USE THIS SPECIAL SOAP
★ WASHES CLOTHES WHITER
★ CANNOT HARM DELICATE FABRICS
★ MAKES HOME WASHING EASIER

TOMCO SALES DEPT.
P. O. Box 326, Bombay
The Tata Oil Mills Company Limited, Tatapuram & Bombay

High Court

WHAT IS THE PERIOD OF LIMITATION TO EXECUTE

Award Filed In High Court?

(Before the Hon'ble the Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Kania).
Nadirshaw H. Contractor .. Appellant (Original Respondent.)
v
Messrs. Gajraj Sheokaran-das ... Respondents (Original Petitioners.)

This was an appeal from the judgment and order passed by the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Somjee on 7th April 1941 making absolute the Notice under Order 21 Rule 22 of the Code of Civil Procedure taken out by the Respondents against the Appellant on 5th February 1941 to show cause why a Decree (Award) dated 27th July 1929 should not be executed against the Appellant

The Award in favour of the Respondents had been filed on 16th August 1929 and on 6th January 1941 they made the present application for execution of this Award which under Section 15 of the old Arbitration Act of 1899 on being filed in the Court was "enforceable as if it were a decree of the Court." The trial judge held that the period of limitation appliacble to the execution of an Award filed in the High Court was 12 years (the same as for the execution of a High Court decree) under Article 183 of the Indian Limitation Act of 1908 and that therefore the present application for execution was not time-barred and ordered execution to issue

Counsel for the Appellant contended that the decision of the trial judge was wrong because the words "enforceable as if it were a decree of the Court" did not make the Award actually a decree of the High Court after it was filed, but merely laid down the manner in which the Award was to be executed. For this distinction Counsel relied on a former judgment of Sir Basil Scott, then Chief Justice of Bombay, in Tribhowandas vs. Jiwanchand (35 Bom. 196) Counsel submitted that the present application for execution of an Award filed in 1929 was time-barred under Article 181 of the Indian Limitation Act, being more than 3 years after the right to apply for its execution accrued.

JUDGMENTS.

Delivering separate but concurring judgments, their lordships, while accepting the view that an Award filed in Court was nothing more than an Award though enforceable "as if it were a decree of the Court" as in Tribhowandas vs. Jiwanchand (35 Bom. 196), stated that the latter decision did not deal with the question of the period of limitation applicable to such an Award and that these words in Section 15 of the Indian Arbitration Act were wider and different from the words "an award may be enforced in the same manner as a judgment" in the English Arbitration Act. Their lordships then referred to a former judgment of Sir George Rankin, then Chief Justice of Calcutta in Chaitram vs. Hardwari Mutt and Co. (55 Cal. 499), a case on all fours with the present case, in which it was held that the period of limitation applicable to the execution of an Award filed in the High Court was by reason of Section 15 of the Indian Arbitration Act of 1899 the same as that applicable to the execution of decrees of the High Court viz. 12 years under Article 183, —and not 3 years under Article 181 of the Indian Limitation Act. Their lordships followed this former Calcutta decision as in their lordships' opinion this interpretation did not unduly strain the language of Section 15 of the Indian Arbitration Act and because it was "obviously undesirable" that different High Courts should give different interpretations to an Act applicable to the whole of British India. Their lordships however observed that this question would not arise under the new Indian Arbitration Act of 1940 because under Section 17 of the new Act a Decree was actually to follow upon a Judgment to be pronounced in accordance with the Award.

Their lordships therefore dismissed the appeal with costs

Mr. H. D. Banaji instructed by Messrs Aibara and Co. appeared for the Appellant.

Sir Jamshedji Kanga instructed by Messrs. Manilal Kher and Ambalal appeared for the Respondents.

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The Bombay Chronicle

MISUSE OF LAW

While Reuter's agency continues to treat the Indian reading public with repeated stories about Nazi-inspired "anti-communist drives" in France and other territories under Nazi vassalage, we doubt if the public in Great Britain, the United States and other democratic countries ever hears of the incessant "drive" that is going on in various parts of this country against so-called communists, kisan movement workers and others showing the least leanings towards Marxist ideals. Without assigning any reasons the Punjab Government, according to an Associated Press report, has taken into custody about 40 Kisan workers, including the President-elect and the chairman of the reception committee of the Provincial Kisan Conference that was to be held at Fatehgarh in Ferozepore District. The Conference itself has not been banned and no charge has been framed, so far as one can see, against those arrested. The Defence of India Rules have again proved handy to the Punjab Government. Under these Rules every conceivable "offence" under the sun is nowadays being construed by officialdom as either an offence against the State or as endangering the peace or safety of the realm. Even activities of entirely harmless character are being summarily banned under the Rules, should they be not to the liking of officials on the spot, and if any public worker should show a disposition to resent such high-handedness, he is forthwith arrested and kept in confinement during the pleasure of the powers-that-be. No definite charge under the law need be made against him and no semblance of trial in a court of law need be held. The official fiat goes that as a free man he constitutes a danger to the State and he is straightway put under arrest and held in confinement for an indefinite period.

The arrest of the Kisan leaders of the Punjab without assigning any reasons whatsoever for the step constitutes a flagrant violation of the civil liberties of the people of the Punjab and will be universally condemned by all right-thinking persons. To what extent the violation of the ordinary liberties of the subject is taking place in other provinces, too, under the shelter of the Defence of India Rules was vividly illustrated a few days ago in Bengal, when orders were served under these Rules upon the President, Secretary and other members of the Bishupur sub-division Forward Bloc, directing them not to leave their district for the purpose of attending the Bengal Provincial Forward Bloc Conference at Calcutta. A similar order was served on the Secretary of the Burdwan Town Forward Bloc. Is it possible to conceive by any stretch of imagination that the peace and safety of the province of Bengal would be jeopardised by the participation of these persons in the Calcutta Conference? It is time officials in all parts of the country noted that by such arbitrary and highhanded proceedings they lower the standards of justice in public estimation. Officialdom would do well to realise that it cannot hold up to public abhorrence Nazi methods of terrorization and in the same breath justify arrests and detentions without trial and for indefinite periods of public workers, including the detenus at Deoli about whom Mr. N. M. Joshi writes in his article published on this page, and the violation of civil liberties in various other ways now too common in this country.

WOES OF DEOLI DETENUS

(By N. M. Joshi M. L. A.) (Central)

Mr. N. M. Joshi in the course of a statement says:—

With the permission of the Government of India I visited the Deoli Detention Camp for Detenues or Security Prisoners in the month of July 1941. I arrived at Deoli on Sunday, 20th July and left it on Tuesday 22nd July. Major Craster, the Superintendent gave me the necessary facilities and opportunities to see the various parts of the Camp and to come into contact with the Detenues for which my sincere thanks are due to him.

I visited barracks where the detenues live, the kitchens and the dining rooms, the bathing places and the sanitary arrangements the library rooms, the playing field and the hospital and heard what the detenues had to say about these arrangements. I also interviewed representative committees of the two Divisions of the Camp and also interviewed those of the individual detenues who expressed their desire to talk to me.

When I visited the Camp, there were 215 detenues there, of whom 107 belonged to Division I and 108 to Division II. Out of the total number 103 belonged to the Punjab, 81 to U. P. and the remaining 31 to other Provinces taken together.

TWO FUNDAMENTAL COMPLAINTS

Apart from the fact that the detenues were detained without trial, the most fundamental complaints of the detenues were, first demanding repatriation to their respective home provinces and second, asking for the abolition of the system of classifying the detenues into Division I and Division II giving unequal treatment; detenues in Division I being given somewhat better conditions in almost all respects than the detenues in Division II.

The demand for repatriation is based on two grounds. Firstly, the detenues complain that place is malarious.

The second ground on which the demand for repatriation is based is that the place being distant from the home provinces, on account of cost of travelling the detenues find it extremely difficult to keep into touch with their families. The detenues are allowed two interviews in a month with the relatives or friends but only a very small percentage of detenues get the benefit of this concession. The grievance is well founded and ought to be removed by repatriating those detenues who want to be removed to their home provinces or by Government undertaking to bear the cost of travelling to Deoli by the relatives of the detenues for the interviews. I would suggest that the least the Government ought to do is to pay to the relatives of the detenue the travelling cost for a certain number of interviews in a year.

Abolition of Classification:—The second fundamental demand of the detenues for the abolition of their classification into Divisions I and II with unequal privileges goes against the policy adopted by the Government of India recently regarding treatment of political and other prisoners. Without going into the question of the justification or otherwise for the policy it has to be admitted that the policy does cause bitterness and heart-burning. The detenues, generally speaking, belong to certain well-defined political groups and do their work outside as equal comrades and their objection to being classified into unequal classes in prisons ought to be respected.

The classification being done by the Provinces applying different tests and by different officers, the result is patently irrational. When we find that out of the 103 detenues from Punjab, 17 are given Division I and the rest Division II and all the 81 detenues from U. P. are given Division I, the unfairness in actual classification becomes apparent. The injustice is felt more bitterly when detenues classified on different tests brought together in one place like Deoli. Under these circumstances, the demand for the abolition of Divisions at Deoli is justified whatever may be the general policy of the Government as regards the treatment of political prisoners.

The detenues complained that persons in the two Divisions are not permitted to associate with each other.

FOOD, PERSONAL AND FAMILY ALLOWANCES

Food Allowances:—Complaints regarding allowances for food are of two kinds. First that the allowance is insufficient and secondly that there is inequality between the allowance sanctioned for Division I and that for Division II. I support the claim of Division II for increase in the allowance even from the point of view of its adequacy for providing enough food of good quality. There is also a complaint that the contractors having a monopoly, prices higher than the market rates, are charged. The Superintendent should make an effort by some method such as by securing an authorised price list from Ajmere to convince the detenues that the contractors do not charge unreasonable prices or why a competitive system is impracticable.

Personal Allowance:—The detenues demand an adequate personal allowance for purchasing certain articles of necessity and comfort such as tooth brush, tooth paste, shaving materials, etc. There is a complaint that detenues are not even permitted to receive money except from authorised persons. In my view there is no justification for this restriction. In the case of some detenues private money may not be available from relatives and personal friends. In such cases some organisation interested in their welfare may be permitted to send them money.

Family Allowance:—The detenues claim that as they have been deprived of their freedom for political reasons without any charge being established against them after a fair trial, Government ought to take the responsibility for maintaining their family. Government have on other occasions accepted the principle underlying this claim and even on the present occasion Government have agreed to pay family allowances in necessitous cases. A large number of detenues have sent applications to Provincial Governments for family allowances but, so far as detenues in Deoli are concerned, not more than two or three detenues receive such allowance. It cannot be easily believed that out of 215 detenues, family allowance is deserved only by such a small number. Moreover, there is good justification for not restricting the payment of family allowance only to necessitous cases when persons with responsibilities for maintaining a family have been deprived of their freedom without any charge of their having done any wrong being established against them in a fair trial.

CENSORSHIP.

Books:—The detenues have a serious complaint that they are not permitted to have certain kind of books, specially books on Communism. One easily understands that Government should not permit books which they have legally banned, to be taken in the Camp. But I fail to understand why other books on Communism written in a scientific spirit should not be permitted to be used in the Camp. To serious students of economics and writers on the subject this is a great hardship and there are a number of such students in the Camp. I would urge upon Government the necessity to reconsider this matter.

There are also complaints that private letters sent and received by the detenues are unreasonably censored. Rules for the Deoli Camp prohibit correspondence between persons confined in different jails. This rule has no justification and this prohibition does not exist in the rules of some of the Provinces and as each such letter is subjected to censoring twice, there is no fear of any evil arising out of such correspondence.

Censoring of newspapers also can be defended only on the ground that a newspaper contains news which will affect the life in the Camp. To go beyond this is unjustified.

PAROLE

Several cases of applications for parole to enable detenues to go to their relatives in their serious illness, having been refused or even being replied to too late, were brought to my notice. Provincial Governments have to recognise the urgency of taking prompt decisions on such applications and also to recognise the claims of human feelings in their decisions.

NON-OFFICIAL VISITORS

A suggestion has been made that non-official visitors should be appointed to visit the Camp from time to time. At present some official visitors pay occasional visits. Regular visits by non-official visitors will also give a feeling to the detenues that their conditions of life are being examined and watched by responsible public men. It may also be suggested that the rules regulating the life of the Deoli Camp may be published and made available to any one who cares to read them.

TÊTE-A-TÊTE

WITHOUT COMMENT—

"The Daily Mail" says: The Turks stand astride the Dardanelles. If they take a courageous decision and come in with Britain all Hitler's plans of conquest in the Near East and the Black Sea, including his grab at the oil wells, can be brought to disaster. We hope that the Turkish nation, bound to us by ties of close friendship and mutual respect, will take that step before it is too late to make such a decision effective. For it is in that part of the world with the help of the great British forces assembled in the Near East and a retanked Russian army that a fatal blow at the Nazis might be struck."

—Reuter.

* * *

Referring to Britain's "new order" and peace aims Dr Dalton told the National Council of Labour that the main lines of the new order were laid down in that great weapon of British propaganda, the Atlantic charter."

Exactly.

But we wish this Socialist leader and his audience had blushed a little, too.

* * *

Apropos of the Indo-Ceylonese agreement, when Sir Girja Shankar Bajpai emerged from the conference room he is reported to have told questioning pressmen "I am tired at the moment."

We are awaiting the terms most anxiously and with unsuppressible disquiet.

* * *

Several plants for the manufacture of high explosives, incendiaries, hand grenades, shrapnel and mines have now begun working in India, we learn from Simla reports.

If we may make a suggestion, production could immediately be increased by at least a thousand per cent if the plants were run jointly by Messrs. Jinnah and Savarkar.

* * *

APPEAL TO INDIAN STATESMANSHIP

British Paper's Plea

—Anglo-India.

Statesmanship is evidently not like charity that it should begin at home.

* * *

Admitting "indescribable devastation" in Kiev, the disappointed Nazis bitterly complain that "by their destructive rage, the Bolsheviks have endangered the lives of tens of thousands in the crudest fashions."

The refined fashion would, of course, be the one experienced by tens of thousands in Warsaw, Rotterdam, Belgrade and on the refugee roads of France and Belgium.

* * *

Admiral Darlan is reported to be concerting measures to deal with "economic and social difficulties" which France will face next winter.

As a matter of fact they are already being dealt with and removed, many to jails and concentration camps and not a few to the other world.

* * *

Denouncing attacks on German soldiers, Marshal Petain declares "it is not in accordance with the French tradition to attack from the shadows soldiers obeying their orders."

Is it in accordance with French tradition, and particularly with that of French Marshals to betray from the shadows one's own patriotic nation?

* * *

A Washington report says that among British warships undergoing repairs in the U. S. A. is the aircraft carrier "Illustrious."

We reject this information absolutely. We had it on the reliable authority of Berlin and Radio announcements at the time that the "Illustrious" had been damaged, then destroyed and finally sunk off Malta.

* * *

Our Italics

Reuter message from Teheran: "The ex-Shah whose future is now being discussed by the British, Russian and Persian Governments, is still at Isfahan, the main city of Central Iran."

Hullo! What's that?

* * *

Wife: "Darling, the baby can walk!"

Husband: "Good! Now he can walk the floor by himself at night!"

Mrs. Pandit Explains

LUCKNOW, Sept. 22.

Mrs. Vijayalakshmi Pandit has issued the following statement in connection with her nomination to the Vice-Chancellorship of the Lucknow University:

"I was approached by certain friends, who requested me to consent to my nomination for the Vice-Chancellorship of the Lucknow University. I declined on the ground that the post would be incompatible with my present political work and that as a 'Satyagrahi' my first duty was to carry on the work of the Congress in this Province. I was pressed to give some time to the consideration of this question before coming to any final conclusion. I, therefore, spent some hours in considering this question from every angle and also discussed the position with some friends. As I was unable to change my first opinion I declined the offer made to me to stand for the nomination to the Vice-Chancellorship.—United Press.

Position Of Turkey

The situation in Bulgaria directs attention to its possible repercussions on Turkey also. Some British papers believe that she is in imminent danger of being attacked. One suggestion is that King Boris desires to solve the problem of helping the Axis and avoiding any direct trouble with Russia by invading Turkish Thrace. It is, of course, well-known that there is no love lost between Bulgaria and Turkey and it is not unnatural that any Bulgarian Government should prefer to fight Turkey rather than Russia. But the present suggestion is wrong in view of the fact, known to the whole world and particularly to the Axis and King Boris, that any attack by any European Power will immediately and automatically bring not only Britain but Russia, too, to the side of Turkey. King Boris and Herr Hitler both realise that such a course will not solve King Boris' problem if, indeed, it does remain a problem at all.

The diplomatic correspondent of the 'Observer' has offered another version of the danger to Turkey. According to this version Herr Hitler badly needs control over the Straits, which, of course, is quite likely. It is suggested that this control was demanded by Germany in the form of an ultimatum which the Turkey rejected. The Turks would certainly reject such ultimatums. But there is no reference from any other source that an ultimatum was presented at all. The same correspondent has also "reason to believe that Germany contemplates an attempt upon the Dardanelles and the Bosphorus during the next few weeks." And he warns Turkey that Allied help should be invited in time to enable their forces to be transferred to Thrace because "it is known and even obvious that the Bulgaro-German plan stops short at the Straits". There is apparently something wrong in the plan or the argument. For, it is obviously impossible to secure the Straits much less to ensure safe passage of ships through them without invading and strongly holding a large area of Turkey on the Asiatic side also. No plan can stop short "at the Straits". Moreover, there is less reason now than before for Germany to attack Turkey. She does need the Straits but not so badly as to risk opening up not the Dardanelles and the Bosphorus but another grim front at a stage of her war with Russia which is critical for her, too.

Lord Linlithgow

Lord Linlithgow's term of office as Viceroy and Governor-General has been extended by another year. To India it matters little who the Viceroy is; for no Viceroy has as yet acted as a true representative of the King in the sense that he has made himself the spokesman of India's true feelings and the exponent of her national aspirations and demands. There have been good and sympathetic Viceroys like Lord Halifax, for instance, but their goodness and sympathy did not lead them so far as to enable them whole-heartedly to identify themselves with the cause of India. All Viceroys, good, indifferent or reactionary, have tamely submitted to their position as heads of a subordinate branch of the British Government—as Lord Curzon described the Government of India—and, instead of utilising their opportunity for changing the policy of the British Government, have become instruments of the latter's policy which, in its turn, has been dictated by the British bureaucracy here and British Capitalists here and in Britain. Lord Linlithgow has proved no exception. In fact, considering the revolutionary times through which we have been passing and the greatness of his opportunity, he has, from the point of view of India, proved a tragic failure. That the term of such a Viceroy has been extended is one more proof of the utter absence of any desire on the part of an arch-imperialist like Mr. Churchill and his Government to do justice to India.

FRANKLY SPEAKING

Sofia On War Path

The Axis campaign to bring Bulgaria into conflict is rapidly developing. Berlin and Rome radios are in full blast blaring forth alleged incidents of alleged violation by Russia of Bulgarian neutrality—as if she was neutral!—and so on. Nor are Bulgaria's rulers unwilling to be duped by their German masters. In fact, it is the Bulgarian Government which initiated the campaign. And now King Boris has gone on a pilgrimage to the Fuhrer's Headquarters. Clearly King Boris and his Ministers are preparing to "join in" in willing response to the call of Berlin. This is natural too. The Nazi drive through southern Ukraine requires that the Crimea should be captured soon. And for that purpose they need the use of Bulgarian ports and vessels if not the Bulgarian army. The danger to Russia, despite the undoubted fact that the Bulgar people is pro-Russian, is serious. But then it has all along been inevitable.

Russia's Urgent Need

On the eve of the "Tanks for Russia" week, Lord Beaverbrook's appeal has been powerfully supported by the British Press and M. Maisky the Russian Ambassador. Another strong incentive has been provided by the Germans themselves in their victories of last week. It can, therefore, be confidently expected that, during the present week, British workers will beat every previous record in tank production by a considerable margin. But will the achievements, however magnificent, of a super-record week be sufficient at all? Why should Britain not rush the whole output of September to Russia except those tanks which may be destined for the Western Desert? It is obvious enough that Russia to-day is fighting Britain's battle, too, and that, in M. Maisky's words, it is "a common front". It is equally obvious that Russia's need is immediate and urgent. It is also equally obvious that no side is contemplating an invasion across the Channel in the West and that, therefore, the immediate diversion of September tanks will not involve any dangerous sacrifice on the part of Britain.

Russo-Japanese Incidents?

The correspondent in Chungking of the National Broadcasting Corporation of America reports persistent border incidents between Japanese and Russian troops. He also states that Russia and Japan have both moved up troops. If this report were true it would almost mean that the Nazis had persuaded Japan into the delusion that Russia's collapse was imminent and that it was now safe for Japan to strike at Siberia. The main Nazi objective is, of course, obvious, namely, to close the Vladivostok route for American supplies to Russia. But we doubt if the Japanese are so foolish as to court certain disaster on German incitement. They know—at least they ought to—that a conflict with Russia will mean not only serious trouble in Manchuko but also virtual ruin to metropolitan Japan and her cities.

Tagore Memorial

It is happy news that steady progress is being made by the Central Committee of the Rabindranath Tagore Memorial and that a number of ruling princes have signified their consent to become patrons and several men of light and leading in the country have become members of the Committee. Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru has accepted the presidentship of the Committee. The Imperial Bank of India has agreed to act as banker to the Fund and has generously undertaken the task of collecting donations through its branches all over India. We have no doubt that all admirers of the great poet-philosopher will hasten to swell the Fund with their quotas. It would be in the fitness of things if regional committees were formed in this city as well as in Ahmedabad, Poona and other important towns to facilitate the work of collection. The memory of the poet deserves to be perpetuated for the benefit of posterity, through the two dearest of his handiworks, Shantiniketan and Vishwabharati.

"Fodder And Iron Wire"

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—With reference to the letter entitled "Fodder and Iron Wire" over the signature of Mr. N. V. Naik, in your issue of the 22nd September, I beg to state that Messrs the Tata Iron & Steel Company do not manufacture any wire or wire products. There is no such company as the Tata Iron Wire Company. The reference to Tata iron wire seems to be to wire manufactured from steel supplied by the Tata Iron & Steel Company to Messrs. the Indian Steel & Wire Products Company. This is an entirely independent company with whose price policy the Tatas have no concern whatever.—Yours etc.

A. R. DALAL.
Tata Iron & Steel Company.
Bombay Sept. 22.

High Court Extension

To, The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—In connection with the recently completed annexe of the Bombay High Court, allow me to voice the general complaint of the legal profession about it. Not one of them has a good word to say about this annexe. It has blocked up one side of the High Court, and it itself is blocked up on the East and West sides, and as to the North and South sides of this annexe, the three windows opening out on each of these sides are windows of the lavatories and of the staircase landing, so that this building does not get the advantage of having any amenities of air and light. The designer of the building in the Executive Engineer's Department of Government must have had very peculiar ideas in planning such a building of narrow width with lavatories at both ends entirely taking away the amenity of light and air from those sides,—the only sides from where one could get the amenity of God's light and God's air. I understand that the Receiver's Office, which has just shifted there, is grumbling at the change and with reason.—Yours, etc.,

"A SOLICITOR."

Industrial Court

Workers' Application Dismissed

Illegal Change

The practice of "playing off" which prevails in the Bombay Textile Industry has been held to be legal under the Bombay Industrial Disputes Act by a full bench of the Industrial court consisting of the Hon. Mr. Justice H. V. Divatia, Mr. G. S. Rajadhyaksh and Mr. B. K. Dalvi.

The question arose out of an application made by 15 workers of the folding department of the Khatau Makanji Mills, for a declaration that the action of the opponent mill in "playing them off" on certain days amounted to an "illegal change".

In the course of their order the judges pointed out that a similar application had been presented in December 1940, but by agreement of parties a consent order was taken out on December 12, 1940, by which the parties agreed to devise a system to prevent victimisation in "playing off" in future. The compromise terms were not given effect to. The judges pointed out that the compromise terms implicitly accepted the "playing off" system as agreeable to both parties and sought only to devise ways and means to prevent victimisation in working the system. This application, however, questioned the legality of the system.

At the hearing of the application it was argued on behalf of the millowners that this system was common to the trade and was in no sense a departure from existing practice. Mr. N. M. Mehta, Manager, Morarji Goculdas Mills, Mr. T. Maloney, Secretary of the Millowners' Association and Mr. J. H. Sutton, Manager, Kohinoor Mills deposed that the practice had prevailed for a long time and had been regulated by a Standing order adopted by the Millowners' Association since 1929. The Fawcett Committee had confirmed this view. The judges found on evidence that the system had been going on in all the mills in Bombay without any protest on behalf of Labour and it was clear that to a large degree the system was beneficial to both labour and the mills. To act in consonance with an existing usage could not be regarded a change.

The court, therefore, dismissed the application.

America Wants Indian Mica & Manganese

BOMBAY, Monday.

Dr. Henry Grady, President Roosevelt's Special Economic Investigator in the Far East arrived in Bombay to-day from Calcutta. Dr. Grady is also the representative of the U. S. Federal Loan Agency.

Dr. Grady's visit is in connection with the investigation of the question of supply of certain materials needed for the defence programme of the United States, the Dutch East Indies, the Philippines, the Latin countries as also the British Empire.

Interviewed by a representative of the "Chronicle", Dr. Grady said that the Dutch East Indies, Philippines, Malaya, India, Burma and South China were some of the most important parts of the world from the point of view of strategic raw materials needed for defence purposes. For example, the Philippines are rich in manganese, chrome and copper deposits. British Malaya and China have tin. Manganese and mica are found in India; graphite in Ceylon; antimony and tungstine in China. Vegetable products such as manila hemp and vegetable oils like cocoa nut oil used for ammunition is found in the Philippines. Rubber is found in the Dutch East Indies and British Malaya. China has wood oil. These, said Dr. Grady, were some of the important strategic materials needed. It was essential that the whole area which possessed these materials should make its full contribution in the form of maximum production and keep the United States and Britain adequately supplied with them.

Emphasising the need for stimulating the production of strategic raw materials, Dr. Grady said:—"While the tide seems to be turning against the Axis countries at the moment, it will be a vital mistake to become complacent because complacency has been the cause of the failure of many of the countries that have been conquered by the Nazis."

Referring to India, Dr. Grady said that the country was rich in high-grade manganese and mica and India could put up a magnificent defence effort. The purpose of his visit to India was to stimulate the production of strategic raw materials. America was buying a lot of materials for stockpiles. Purchases of manganese and mica from India were being increased. America did not feel the need of making any purchases of short staple cotton from India for purposes of ammunition because it had surplus cotton. Neither was America making any purchases of wool from India.

Dr. Grady referred to Bombay as a very attractive modern city. "It reminds me of some of the European cities", he added.

SATISFACTORY PROGRESS OF TATA HYDRO-ELECTRIC

Chairman's Speech At Annual General Meeting

At the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders of the Tata Hydro-Electric Power Supply Company, Limited, on Monday, the 22nd September, 1941, the Chairman said:—

Gentlemen,

The Annual Report and Audited Statements of Accounts for the year ended 30th June 1941, having been in your hands for the prescribed period, I propose, with your permission, to take them as read.

I believe that shareholders will have found in the Directors' Report all information which might be of interest to them, to supplement the information contained in the accounts themselves. If, however, there are any points on which additional information is desired, I shall do my best to supply it.

SATISFACTORY PROGRESS

Again we have to record a satisfactory year of progress. The present rate of output is even larger than that shown in the Directors' Report, as although many of the mills were able to work double-shift by July 1940, the textile industry did not begin to experience the stimulus of war supply orders and overseas demand until much later in that year. Even so, the total number of units sold by your Company was no less than 33 millions in excess of the previous year and reached a record figure. So long as the present trading conditions arising out of the war continue, the operations of your Company, and of our two sister Companies, are likely to remain at a very high level. When considering the future, however, it must be borne in mind that a good deal of the present increased demand for electrical energy is of a temporary character and is not likely to subsist, at least to the same extent, after the war.

As stated in the Directors' Report, the Tata Power Company repaid its loan of Rs. 1 crore from this Company when it fell due on April 1st, 1941, and your Company was able thereby to redeem on that date its outstanding 6 per cent Mortgage Debentures amounting to Rs. 1,15,49,100 without having to resort to fresh borrowing. You will have observed that the reduction in Interest Income resulting from the repayment of the loan is more than offset by the saving effected in Debenture Interest charges.

LEGAL OPINION TO BE OBTAINED

Following the repayment of the loan by the Tata Power Company, the Board of Directors of that Company requested your Company to reconsider the position in regard to the continued payment to this Company of 1/10th of its trading profits under the agreement which was entered into at the time of the loan. Your Directors have given the most careful consideration to this important matter and, as a first step, they have agreed that legal opinion shall be obtained jointly by both Companies in order to clarify the legal issues involved in your sister Company's request. The necessary steps are being taken to that effect. I may add that it has mutually been agreed that such legal opinion will not commit either party in any way and that each Company will retain full liberty of action whatever the nature of opinion thus obtained. You will appreciate that it is neither possible nor advisable for me to make any further statement on the matter at this stage of the proceedings.

With these remarks, Gentlemen, I beg to move, that the Directors' Report and Audited Statements of Accounts for the year ended 30th June 1941 be and are hereby adopted.

A dividend of Rs. 3,12,480 was allowed on Preference shares at 7 per cent per annum for the year ended 30th June 1941. A final dividend of Rs. 8,10,000 on ordinary shares of Rs. 4/8 per share was also given.

Two Calcutta Editors Fined: Another Acquitted

Charged With Publishing Articles On Dacca Riot Situation Not 'Press-advised'

CALCUTTA, Sept. 22.

For publishing an article on the Dacca riot situation in April last in contravention of a Government notification directing the editors to submit all news and articles regarding the communal situation in Dacca to the Special Press Adviser for scrutiny before publication Mr. Profulla Kumar Sarkar, editor of the "Ananda Bazar Patrika" was sentenced to-day under the Defence of India Rules to pay a fine of Rs. 150, in default to undergo six weeks' simple imprisonment by Mr. R. Gupta, Chief Presidency Magistrate.

Mr. Suresh Chandra Bhattacharjee printer and publisher of the paper, was fined Rs. 50, in default two weeks' simple imprisonment.

The accused were acquitted on two other charges for publishing two more articles.

Mr. Probhat Ganguly, editor of the "Bharat", was sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 200 indefault to undergo eight weeks' simple imprisonment for publishing two articles on the Dacca riot situation.

Mr. Rathindra Mohan Sen Gupta, printer and publisher of the paper, was sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 50 in default to undergo two weeks' simple imprisonment for the same.

They were acquitted on another charge.

Mr. Hemendra Prasad Ghosh, editor of the "Basumati" and Mr. Sasi Bhusan Dutta, printer and publisher of the paper, who were also charged for the publication of three articles in the same connection were acquitted.—United Press.

RAILWAY BOARD NOT TO RECONSIDER

Dismantling Of Two Branch Lines On E. I. Ry.

SIMLA, Sept. 22.

The Government of India are not considering the question of dismantling the two branch lines of the East Indian Railway namely, the Raiwala-Rikhikesh and Khurpa-Hapur lines—according to a Railway Board spokesman.

This is with reference to reports in the press and the representation made by Hindu organisations against the dismantling of the lines.—A. P.

Speeding Up U. S. Armament Production

CHICAGO, Sept. 22.

The United States defence programme has reached a point where it is able to meet all demands for tanks, small guns and ammunition, declared Mr. William Knudsen, Director-General of the Office of Production Management, here to-day.

Calling for a still greater effort he declared that it was time for the country to "get behind the armament programme and see it through regardless of sacrifices we have to make in our comfortable standard of living. I think it behoves us all to wake up."—Reuter.

TASK BEFORE STUDENT CITIZENS

Talk At Children's Academy

That the world of to-day was bound to undergo a drastic change in the wake of the present War and that students in this country should with all earnestness consider the serious problems before the country and do what little they could towards their solution, was the key-note of Mr. S. A. Brelvi's talk to the students of the Children's Academy on Monday.

The country needed the students first to apply themselves to a full and unbiassed consideration of the problems and then fearlessly do their bit for her emancipation. For example, as Khadi was, in the absence of a complete re-organisation of the economic system, the easiest approach to solution of the appalling poverty of the masses; the students should actively encourage it by wearing it on their persons. The removal of illiteracy by co-operation in the Literacy Campaign, abolition of untouchability and such other hateful excrescences of the caste system, creation of more harmonious communal relations through more and greater social and cultural contacts with students of other communities, and the consolidation of Hindustani as the one national language by the students themselves learning it—these were other ways, Mr. Brelvi concluded, in which the student citizens of to-day could help to bring about the evolution of a greater, happier, free and united India.

Mr. Sthalekar, the principal, who presided, exhorted the students earnestly to take to heart the excellent advice given by the lecturer. After a vote of thanks to Mr. Brelvi, the meeting terminated.

More Shelling In Libya

Two Axis Columns Driven Back From Egyptian Frontier

CAIRO, Sept. 22.

A Communique from British headquarters to-day announces briefly: "LIBYA:—Both at Tobruk and in the frontier area our patrols have been active".

More Shelling In Libya

Shelling in Libya has been slightly above normal, it was learned authoritatively in London this morning. There has also been more than normal activity at Halfaya Pass. Otherwise there does not appear to have been any fresh developments in the Western Desert, it was stated.

Two Axis Columns Routed

The co-operation of the R.A.F., and the fleet air arm with armoured cars and infantry played an important part in three days fighting which ended in the rout of two Axis columns which thrust across the Egyptian frontier recently, it was stated in authoritative circles on Sunday night.

What French Think Of Nazi Soldiers

LONDON, Sept. 22.

For the French, occupying German forces are still and will continue to remain so for some time yet the enemy with whom one does not talk nor exchange courtesies. "French only admit being beaten through clenched teeth and there are many who still deny it. They look at Hitler's soldiers with contempt and make insolent remarks about them."

This quotation comes not from any anti-Axis source but from recent article in 'Giornale d'Italia'.

The whole of the article is devoted to attacking French—and incidentally revealing what they think of Germans.—B.O.W.

Gandhi Jayanti Celebration

Khadi And Gramodyog Pheries And Meetings In Various Wards

BOMBAY, Monday.

The fifth day of the Gandhi Jayanti celebration was observed by the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee and the various Congress Committees with meetings Ehajans, Khadi and Gramodyog Pheris and non-stop spinning programmes.

The day commenced with a group of workers starting from the "C" Ward Congress Committee's office and going round the various localities selling Khadi and doing propaganda on behalf of village industries' products.

The non-stop spinning programme was kept going for the fifth day in succession. In the evening a public meeting was held at Rambaug, which was addressed by Mr. Manibhai C. Desai. The meeting was followed by a programme of Ehajans by Mr. Prabhashankar Oza.

A series of meetings were held in the night. There was a meeting at Gogha Street under the auspices of the "A" Ward Congress Committee. There was a public meeting under the auspices of the "E" Ward Committee at Bath Bazar. The meeting was presided over by Mr. Salebhoy Abdul Khader.

A public meeting was also held under the auspices of the Fort Students' Union, which was addressed by Mr. Narbheram Popat. The Khadi Bazar started by the Union is still continuing.

INDIAN OUTLOOK TRANSFORMED

Gandhiji's Great Work For His People

DHARWAR, Sept. 22.

We are now fighting only to assert our elementary rights in relation to the present war, observed Mr. J. B. Kripalani, General Secretary of the All-India Congress Committee, addressing a public meeting here last night.

Mr. Kripalani paid a tribute to Mahatma Gandhi for having brought a remarkable change not only in the political but also in the economic and social and even domestic outlook of the Indian people.

Under his leadership Mr. Kripalani declared India would achieve what no other country in the world with all its physical force has been able to achieve.—A.P.

Lahore Programmes For Gandhi Jayanti

LAHORE, Sept. 22.

Gandhi Jayanti will be celebrated in Lahore under the auspices of the Harijan Sewak Sangh, Punjab, from 24th September to 2nd October. The programme includes collections for Harijan work, visits to Harijan quarters and wrestling matches.

The A. I. S. A. are celebrating the Jayanti by hawking Khadi upto the middle of October. They propose to sell Khadi worth about rupees one lakh during this period.

The Congress has also drawn up a programme for celebrating the Gandhi Jayanti. Besides public meetings to be held throughout the Province on October 2, meetings will be held in different Wards during the last week of September and the first week of October to propagate the cause of the Congress.—A. P.

Australian Banks Reduce Interest

SYDNEY, Sept. 22.

As from to-day fixed deposit rates of Australian banks have been reduced by a further 60 pence per cent per annum making an aggregate reduction of fifteen shillings per cent since the outbreak of war. The new rates are three months 1 1/2 per cent, six months 1 3/4 per cent, one year 2 per cent, two years 2 1/4 per cent.—Reuter.

Over Rs. 1,00,000 was sanctioned by the Indian Soldiers' Board in 1940-41 for the relief of distressed Indian ex-soldiers or their dependents, according to the Report of the Board, just published.

Socialist Leader Set Free Due To Illness

ACCORDING TO PRIVATE ADVICES RECEIVED HERE, ACHARYA NARENDRA DEO, CONGRESS SOCIALIST LEADER, WHO WAS A SECURITY PRISONER IN THE AGRA CENTRAL JAIL WAS RELEASED ON GROUNDS OF HEALTH YESTERDAY EVENING. HE HAS BEEN SUFFERING FROM ASTHMA. HE WILL ARRIVE THERE TO-MORROW MORNING FOR TREATMENT.—A. P.

ATHALYE & THAKARE TO OFFER SATYAGRAHA

BOMBAY, Monday.

It is understood that the intention of two local Satyagrahis to offer Satyagraha to-morrow evening, has been intimated to the Police Commissioner, Bombay today.

It is understood that Mr. Damodhar Jagannath Athalye, "F" Ward Congress worker will offer Satyagraha at 5-30 p.m. at Kamgar Maidan, Parel, while Mr. Sahadev Mukund Thakare, a "B" Ward Congress worker will shout slogans at Chinchbunder Road opposite Sandhurst Road Railway Station, Dongri, at 6 p.m.

Two Congressmen Released

Messrs. Kashiprasad Singh and Jagdev Sharma who were under detention under the Defence of India Rules in the Nasik Road Central Proson were released on Monday. They arrived in Bombay the same evening.

Mr. Sudhir Fakira who is also under detention has, it is understood, been brought to Bombay for medical treatment.

BHULABHAI TO ARRIVE TO-DAY

It is reliably understood that Mr. Bhulabhai Desai, Ex-President of the B.P.C.C., who is now in the Sassoon Hospital, Poona, after his release from Yervada Jail, will arrive in Bombay, today, Tuesday evening

Released On Medical Grounds

LAHORE, Sept. 22.

The Punjab Government have ordered the release of Satyagrani Prisoner, Rala Singh of Amritsar District, on account of ill health.

He was convicted under the Defence of India Rules on fifth May 1941, and sentenced to two years' R. I.—A. P.

Dr. Choitram To Be Released

LAHORE, Sept. 22.

An "Amicus Curiae" application filed by the High Court Bar Association against the sentence of 18 months' rigorous imprisonment and fine of Rs. 500 passed against Dr. Choitram Gidwani, M.L.A., and President of the Sind Provincial Congress Committee, came up for hearing to-day before Mr. Justice Beckett, Vacation Judge, at the Lahore High Court.

His Lordship without hearing arguments reduced the sentence to the term already undergone. As regards the fine, His Lordship ordered that the fine be remitted if not already realised.

Dr. Choitram Gidwani, it will be recalled, was convicted and sentenced by the District Magistrate, Lahore, under the Defence of India Rules on a charge of delivering a speech at a public meeting held in Lahore in January last.

Dr. Choitram, who is at present lodged in the Gujrat Jail, is expected to be released to-morrow.

LAHORE EDITOR TO BE RELEASED

LAHORE, Sept. 22.

At the Lahore High Court Mr. Justice Beckett, Vacation Judge, accepted the 'amicus curiae' application, filed by the High Court Bar Association against the sentence of 18 months' R.I. passed against Mr. Yashpal Managing Editor of the "Hindi Milap" Lahore, under the Defence of India Rules.

His Lordship disposed of 11 more 'amicus curiae' applications reducing the sentence to six months each in seven cases and to the term already undergone in the case of three Satyagrahis. The sentence of five years passed against Abdul Karim Shorash, Ahrar Leader, was however upheld.—A. P.

KRIPALANI IN KARNATAK

HUBLI, Sept. 22.

Acharya J. B. Kripalani, General Secretary of the All-India Congress Committee, who is now touring Karnatak, arrived here last night.

Speaking at a public meeting Acharya Kripalani related the circumstances under which the Congress launched the Satyagraha movement. He said: "Government had spurned the Congress offer of moral support."

Acharya Kirpalani exhorted the gathering to follow the dictates of their own conscience and not to embarrass the Government in their war efforts.—A. P.

Congress Majority In Panchmahal School Board

(From Our Correspondent)

DOHAD, Sept. 21.

Congress candidates nominated by the Central Committee of the Gujerat Provincial Congress Committee have been elected in overwhelming majority in the District School Board of Panch Mahal District. The following persons nominated by the Congress have been declared elected: Messrs. Maganlal G. Shah, Ramchandra Shukla, Nanubhai Desai, Secretary, Distt. Cong. Committee, Kanayalal Mehta, Rupaji B. Parmar (Bhil), Dajibhai B. Patel, Shrimati Jamnika Desai, Shriyuts Lalchand D. Nimama (Bhil), Karunashanker Joshi (Harijan), Bhatubhai Thakore, Chandulal Upadhyay.

For one Muslim seat Dr. Taherali A. Vohra (Independent) has been elected. For one seat for two Municipalities of Dohad and Godhra Mr. Haji Juna Kaji has been declared elected and from general seats of seven one has been occupied by an independent candidate.

Congress And Betul Civic Elections

JUBBULPORE, Sept. 22.

The Congress has captured seven out of a total of 16 seats in the municipal elections in Betul.

In the direct election of Municipal president by the voters under the Amended Provincial Municipalities Act, Seth Khandelwal (Independent) was declared elected, defeating the Congress nominee, Sct Mistrilal Gothi.—A. P.

CONGRESSMEN UNSEATED

MADRAS, Sept. 22.

Mr. M. A. Azeem, Chief Judge of the Court of Small Causes, Madras, dismissed this afternoon the suit of Mrs. Rukmini Lakshmipathi stating that she ceased to be a member of the Madras Corporation, as she had been absent from the meetings of the Corporation Council for three consecutive months.

In regard to the suit filed by the Commissioner of the Corporation, the Judge held that Mr. S. Satyamurthi and Mr. K. Venkataswami Naidu also ceased to be Councillors, and that Mr. P. M. Adikesavalu Naicker and Mr. Ranghiah Naidu still continued to be members on the ground that notices of meetings had not been properly served on them.

It will be recalled that the above Councillors were not able to attend the meetings of the Corporation on account of their incarceration in connection with the Congress Satyagraha movement.—United Press.

TWO ITALIAN LINERS DESTROYED

LONDON, Sept. 22.

It is officially announced that a British submarine destroyed two Italian liners in convoy in the Mediterranean and damaged a third.—Reuter.

Japanese Minister At Kabul

PESHAWAR, Sept. 22.

Mr. Kabayashi, the new Japanese Minister in Afghanistan, who arrived here on September 20, from Simla left for Kabul to-day.

There has been no Japanese Minister in Kabul since Mr. Warmoriya was recalled by the Japanese Government last year.—United Press.

BEST WAY TO GET RID OF COMMUNALISM

"We cannot wipe out communalism from our country merely by making speeches. It can only be eradicated if the younger generation makes up its mind to keep aloof from communal organisations and boycotts all that is based on communal lines. If we insist on this, the disgraceful evil of communalism will die a natural death," observed Mr. Ahmad Abbas, speaking on "Communal Problem" at Socialist Hall, Mantri House, Bombay, on Monday evening.

The lecture was arranged under the auspices of the Students' Union, Bombay.

Continuing Mr. Abbas referred to village life and said that there existed no sign of communalism. It was only in big cities one hears of all kinds of communal talk and Hindu-Muslim riots. The reason for this, he said, was "We started living separately." The speaker therefore, appealed the students to do all that they could do to get rid of separatism, which was the greatest obstacle in the way of Swaraj. "By doing this," Mr. Abbas said, "you will be defeating bigotry and fanaticism."

"If India is to get Swaraj communalism must go from everywhere, including sports. If sportsmen insist on communal rivalries in games such sports must be boycotted."

Referring to the Hindi-Urdu controversy, Mr. Abbas said, India must have a common "lingua franca."

In conclusion the speaker said that to achieve Hindu-Muslim unity there should be cultural unity between both the communities.

According to a Vichy report armoured cars and machine-guns are to be used to quell the rising tide of disorder in occupied France.—Reuter.

King Of Greece In England

LONDON, Sept. 22.

The King of Greece arrived at a British northern port to-day.

He was met by the Duke of Gloucester on behalf of the King. Thus for a second time King George of the Hellenes has come to England as an exile from his own country.

The arrival of the King of Greece, the Crown Prince and some of the more important of the Greek Ministers in Britain follows consultations as a result of which it was thought desirable that direct contact should be established between them and the British Government. It seems likely that M. Varvaressos, Minister for Finance, and M. Mantzavinos, Governor of the Bank of Greece, will establish their headquarters in London in much the same way as Greek Service Ministers have established themselves in the Middle East.

GREEK PREMIER CONFIDENT

In a message to the British people on the occasion of his arrival with King George of Greece in Britain, the Greek Prime Minister Tsouderos said:

"We are extremely happy to find ourselves here among the British people where we intend to carry on to the very end this struggle at the side of the British against the Nazi and Fascist tyrants of Europe. We are going to build up our resources to continue this fight to victory of which I am confident. It is impossible to say how long we shall stay here. We are tremendously proud to come to London, the capital not only of the British Empire but of all the freedom-loving people".—Reuter.

KING DRIVES TO STATION TO WELCOME THEM.

LONDON, Sept. 22.

The King and Queen drove to Euston Station to meet King George of Greece to-night. The Duke and Duchess of Kent, Mr. Churchill, Mr. Eden and other members of the Government were also present. A large crowd welcomed the Greek King with cheers.—Reuter.

Moscow Denies Sofia Charge

Story Of King Boris Meeting Hitler

LONDON, Sept. 22.

There is no confirmation either in London or in Berlin of the Ankara report that King Boris of Bulgaria is shortly meeting Hitler, Ribbentrop and German army chiefs. To-day a Nazi spokesman said that Bulgaria had been brought into a state of "higher watchfulness" but he did not explain what he meant.

Not Russian

The Moscow radio to-day explained the charges of parachutes having been dropped in Bulgaria and Saboteurs landed from the sea. The radio statement said that the description of the supposed parachutists did not correspond with Russian army equipment.

DYNAMITING AND SHOOTING.

Dynmiting, shooting and anti-Government demonstrations have taken place throughout Bulgaria according to Winston Burdett, in a bulletin from Ankara to the Columbia Broadcasting System, tonight.

He added, "There is growing unrest nn the country."

PRELUDE TO RUSSO-BULGARIAN RUPTURE

King Boris of Bulgaria is believed to be 'en route' for a conference with Hitler, Ribbentrop, Field Marshal von Brauchitsch and Admiral Raeder, said the National Broadcasting Company's Correspondent, Martin Agronsky, broadcasting from Ankara.

It is thought that this conference is a prelude to rupture of Russo-Bulgarian relations, continued Agronsky.

Nagpur Threatened With Plague Epidemic

NAGPUR, Sept. 22.

Nagpur is being threatened with an outbreak of plague and temporary regulations are issued in a Gazette Extraordinary, giving special powers to the local authorities to deal with any emergency for a period of three months.—Reuter.

PROVIDE for VICTORY through THE BRITISH WAR SAVINGS MOVEMENT

TOTAL REMITTED TO 31 AUG 1941 £ 947,799

BWS/19

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An English Remedy of Highest Repute

The Half-Column
By "Dim"

Exclusive to the Half-Column—One of the names contemplated by Government to succeed Alexander Shaw as Film Adviser, (now that Shaw is definitely leaving at end of next month) is that of a bumptious Englishman now in the employment of a—company. Speaking from my personal experience of this particular gentleman I would say that his sympathies are markedly anti-Indian and this Half-Column wishes to give due warning to those interested in the smooth working of the F. A. B. to check up on this matter and see that they are not taken by surprise. In any case there is no reason why an Englishman should be appointed when an Indian can be found for the job. I will not mention names because I may appear interested or biased on the subject.

* * *

I have received three magazines to-day. The "Jewish Advocate" which calls itself "the organ of Indian Jewry; a delightful magazine of the St. Xavier's College, presented to Rev. Father Palacios of whom his successor Father Coyne says: "The impress of my predecessor's personality on the life of this institution is indelibly left on every stone he has shaped into its beautiful structures". A very nice compliment, nicely paid

* * *

And then "The Indian Home", on whose cover page I see two Indian ladies with musical instruments and whose contents are, (1) "Consequences of broken homes". To which I ask, do they matter? (2) "How I stopped smoking" by Jerome Head M.D. Now, don't be flippant. (3) "Am I pregnant?" by Elvira Thatcher. How should I know?

* * *

I understand that there will be a charity performance of the premiere of "The Court Dancer" on the night of October 2nd. The proceeds will go to the War Fund and Sir Roger and Lady Lumley will attend the show. Good for the War Gifts Fund.

Move For General Strike In C. P.

NAGPUR, Sept. 22.

While approving the resignation of Mr. R. S. Ruikar, Associate Member, from the Textile Enquiry Committee, the C. P. and Berar Textile Unions' Council of Action, expressed the hope in a resolution passed at a meeting presided by Mr. D. J. Paranjpye, that the Provincial Government and the Chairman of the Textile Inquiry Committee, would obtain full co-operation of Mr. Ruikar in the further work of the Enquiry Committee.

The Council decided that unless an adequate number of workers in Burhanpur and Ellichpur were examined by the Committee, Mr. Ruikar should not co-operate in the Enquiry Committee.

The Council urged the Textile Unions to render all possible financial help to strikers of the Mohata Mill and urged the Provincial Government to intervene in the dispute and settle the three-week old dispute at an early date.

By another resolution all Textile Unions in the Province were called on to celebrate October 1st as Textile Workers' Day, to express the keen dissatisfaction of textile workers that their demands had not yet been conceded by holding processions and meetings. A sub-Committee was also appointed to take necessary decision in the event of an emergency.

The next meeting of the Council will be held in Akola on October 12th when a final decision regarding the General Strike of all textile centres in the Province will be taken.—A. I.

NEW YORK COTTON 39 POINTS DOWN

COTTON:

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES.
OCTOBER
New York: Sept. 22.

Previous closing	16.96
To-day's opening	16.70
Difference	—26
Today's closing	16.57
Difference	—39

BROACH EXPECTATION.
Broach April-May ..... Rs. 253

NEW YORK COTTON.
New York: Sept. 22.

New York cotton early was depressed by continued hedging pressure and liquidation, but later on the trend turned upwards on account of local and trade buying with some covering. Trading in October began at 16.70, that is, 26 points lower than the last closing. Prices eased under increased offerings and general selling, but lower levels attracted local and trade support and prices rallied briskly.

Following are the New York opening ranges:—
October (17.19/19) 16.72/70
December (17.41/39) 16.88/85
March (17.56/56) 17.13/10

LONDON COMMODITIES.
London: Sept. 22.

SEEDS
Castorseeds September October (£20 1/2 quoted) £20 1/2 quoted
Linseed Bombay Calcutta Sept/October (£20 1/4 quoted) £20 1/4 quoted
Linseed La Plata October (£12 1/4 quoted) £12 1/4 quoted
Groundnut Coromandal Coast Sept/Oct (£18 1/2 quoted) £18 1/2 quoted
JUTES
Dundee September October (£60 nominal) £60 nominal
Lightning September October (£55 nominal) £55 nominal
RUBBER
Spot (13 3/4d value) 13 3/4d value
Forward Nov. (13 3/4d value) 13 3/4d value

EXCHANGES:

CROSS RATES.
T T NEW YORK ON LONDON
New York: Sept. 22.

Previous closing	4.03 1/2
To-day's opening	4.03 1/2

T T LONDON ON NEW YORK
London: Sept. 22.

Previous closing	4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2
To-day's opening	4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2
To-day's closing	4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2

LONDON BULLION.
LONDON GOLD
London: Sept. 22.
London Gold (£8/8/0) £8/8/0
LONDON SILVER
London: Sept. 22.
Spot (23 1/2d) 23 1/2d nil
Forward (23 7/16d) 23 7/16d nil
CROSS RATES
London on Bombay (1-5 31/32) 1-5 31/32
Paris on Bombay not quoted
New York on Milan not quoted
New York on Bombay (30.33) 30.33
London on Shanghai (0-2 27/32 to 0-3 3/16) 0-2 27/32 to 0-3 3/16
London on Kobe not quoted.
DISCOUNTS
3 months (1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent) 1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent.
4 months (1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent) 1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent
6 months (1 1/16 to 1 1/8 per cent 1 1/16 to 1 1/8 per cent.

BULLION AND SEEDS.
Bombay: Sept. 22.
There was no trading during the night session.

LONDON METALS
Tin £256 1/4 buyers; £256 1/2 sellers. Steady.
Electrolytic Copper (£62) £62
Lead (£25) £25
Glasgow Iron No. 2 (131 sh.) 131 sh.

3 1/2 PER CENT STERLING LOAN
London: Sept. 22.
3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed to-day at £98 5/8

AUSTRALIAN LOANS
London: Sept. 22.
5 per cent 1958/68 £104 1/2
BRITISH FUNDS
2 1/2 per cent Consols £82
3 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan £105 7/16
2 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan £99 7/8
4 per cent Funding Loan £115 5/8
3 1/2 per cent War Loan £105 11/16
New York Loan £100 11/16
4 1/2 per cent Victory Bonds £112 5/8
INDUSTRIALS
Standard Motors 15-3
Marks and Spencer Ordinary 37-0
Electric Music Industry 12-4
Princhin Johnson 23-10
Imperial Chemicals 31-6
Woolsworth New Ordinary 57-0
San Paulo 7 per cent Coffee Rates £77 1/2
Dundee 36-0
Unilever Ordinary 25-10
Ford Motors 21-9
Cables and Wireless New Ordinary £62 3/4
British American Tobacco Ordinary £4 17/32
Carreas 'A' £5 5/16
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary £5 29/32
P and O Def 27-7
Distillers 69/6
Bredfords Dye 6-4
British Celanese 5-0
J and P Coates 36-4
Courtaulds Ordinary 31-3
Fine Cotton Spinners 4-3
Vickers Limited Ordinary 18-10
Inter Nickel dol 41 1/2
Indian Iron 52-6
TEA SHARES
Assam Company 18-0
Donaro Tea 28-9
Empire of India 19-4
JUTE
Barnagore (£7) £7
RUBBER SHARES
Anglo Dutch Rubber 17-7
Gula Kelampong 15-7
Rubber Plant Inv Trust 28-3
MINING SHARES
Nandydrug 16-10
Burma Corporation 6-4
Rio Tintos £6
East Rand Properties £2 7/32
Rand Mines £7
MINE SHARES
Crown £10 3/4
Associated Portland Cement 56-3
Trinidad Leasehold 65
Sub Nigel £7 3/16
Spring Mines Split Shares £1 3/16
Union Corporation 151-3
OIL SHARES
Venezuela Persian 30-0
Anglo-India 39-4
Burma Oil £2 21/32
Mexican Eagle 10-0
Shell Transport £2 5/8
Royal Dutch £21 1/2
RAILWAY SHARES
Great Western Ordinary £39 1/2
London Midland Ordinary £15 1/4
London North Eastern Def £1 9/16
London Southern Def £13 1/2
London Transport 5 per cent £123 1/2
London Transport £45

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE
New York: Sept. 22.
Following are the New York Stock Exchange opening prices:—
General Motors dol 40 1/2
Anaconda Copper Mining dol 28 1/4
U. S. Steel Common dol 56 1/2
U. S. Steel Preference unquoted.

London Share Quotations

Messrs. Lewis and Jones, Bombay have received the following quotations by Air Mail from their London Agents:

London, June 30

Names	£ s. d.
Amalgamated Tin Mines of Nigeria Ltd.	0 5 10½
Guest, Keen & Nettlefold	1 4 0
Turner and Newall	3 10 0
Associated Electric Industries	2 3 0
Attock Oil	1 15 0
Barsi Light Railways	41 0 0
Automatic Telephone & Elec Ord	2 5 0
Castlefield (Klang) Rubber	0 1 9
Beira Railways	1 0 0
United Br. Oilfields of Trinidad	0 8 1½
Marconi International Marine	1 5 3
General Electric Ordinary	4 3 0
Fairey Aviation Co. Ltd.	0 11 6
Perak Hydro Electric Ordinary	0 16 6
Malayalam Plantations	1 8 3
British Burma Petrol	0 4 6
Soudan Plantation Syndicate	1 3 6
British South Africa (Chartered)	0 18 9
Pahang Consolidated Ordinary	0 12 9
Indian Copper Corporation Ordinary	0 3 4½
Brazilian Traction Light & Power dol	7 1/4
Mariu Gold Mining Areas Ltd	0 5 0
New Goldfields of Venezuela Ltd	0 2 4½
Western Reef Ex and Dev Co Ltd	1 14 0
Amalgamated Banket Areas	0 4 0
Beralt Tin Wolfram Co Ltd	0 2 9
B. B. & C. I. Rly Ordinary Stock	106 5 0
Imperial Bank of Iran	8 0 0
Benzol & By. Products Ltd Pref	0 15 0

CALCUTTA STOCK EXCHANGE

CALCUTTA: Sept. 22.

The Share Market experienced some setbacks to-day. Jutes, Cottons, Coals, Teas and favourite Miscellaneous issues eased off on profit-taking. Speculative Engineering issues displayed easier undertone. Government Securities on the other hand kept firm and unchanged.

Coals: Bhatgora 5/12, Dhemo Main 13/8 ex-div, Equitable 37/14 div, New Beerbhom 17/12, Raneegunge 28/14, West Jamuria 32/4.

Jutes: Agarpore 28, Anglo-India 374, Birla 31/4, Cheviot 211, Gondalpara 1105/8, Howrah 57, Hukumchand 12/12, India 386, Kamarhatty 522, Kinnison 596.

Miscellaneous: Burma Corporation 4/10, Indian Copper 2/4, Dalmia Cement ord 14/14, Daimia Cement Defd 3/1, Daimia Cement Pref 136, Britannia Building and Iron 12/8 ex-div, Burn and Co ord 427, Hukumchand Steel 15/7, Indian Iron 34/14, Indian Malleable Casting Defd 2/14, Indian Steel and Wire Products ord 57 ex-div., National Iron and Steel 9/7, Steel Corpn ord 20/6, Steel Corpn Pref 122/8, Aluminium Corpn ord 14/4 Barareo Coke 27/11, British Ceylon Corpn 4/14, B I Corpn 4/10 s lot, British Burma Petrol 3/11, Titaghur Paper ord 21/9, Bengal-Assam Steamship ord 258, Balrampore Sugar 10/4, Buland 21/10, Carew and Co 13/3, Cawnpore 23/14, Champaran 17/10, Bisnauth Tea 28/4, Hantapara 400, Hattikhira 22/2, Tezpore 8/12, Tukvar 12/12.

The Calcutta Share Market will remain closed from the evening of 24th Sept. until the morning of 9th October on account of the Durga and Lakshmi Puja holidays.—A. P.

METAL EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS
Bombay, Sept. 22

The following are the rates to-day in our market at about 3 p.m.

Copper sheets lb. 21 Rs. 96/8; 28 88; 35 88; 42 87; 49-56 86

Brass sheets Flag Brand lb. 20-21 Rs. 105-103; 24 100; 28 98; 35 97; 42 96; 49-56 96.

Spelter 'P.H.' Rs. 54/8; Rosite Rs. 52; Country make Rs. 43/8; Pigtead 'B.M.' Refined Rs. 24 per cwt.

Tin Ingot Penang Rs. 54/8 per qr.

Settlement rates:—
Copper sheets Posh Rs. 88/4
Pigtead 'B.M.' Aso Rs. 23/6; Magsar Rs. 23/10; Tin Ingot Penang Aso Rs. 53/8; Magsar Rs. 53/12.

Market tone:—Steady.

SHIPPING NEWS
IMPORTS
Bombay, Sept. 22

1023 pkgs motor truck and commercial chassis; 1086 nongs tyres and tubes; 7718 cases tin plates; 3908 pkgs galvd steel pipe; 7151 pkgs black steel pipe; 485 pkgs red steam pipe; 167 casks tallow; 5503 bolls asphalt; 70 boxes battery separators; 50 cases pork sausages; 194 cases quinine; 115 bales hops; 873 bales news print paper; 505 bundles galvd pipe; 3704 coils wire rods; 46 rolls truck covers; 402 pcs steel plates; 237 coils copper wire; 966 bags rolled sulphur; 362 cases sardines; 60 boxes drugs and medicines; 628 bundles steel angles; 100 cases cud salmon; 2642 bales old newspapers; 573 bales wood pulp; 152 ctns wrapping paper; 2575 cases beer; 223 cases cinema carbons; 160 bags paraffin wax; 2945 rolls asphalt and roofing; 15685 pcs fur lamber; 3935 pkgs auto parts, wheels and tyres; 395 ctns herring tails; 240 cases salmon tails; 708 cases herring ovals; 540 cases cnd fish; 153 cases gin; 41 cases whisky; 500 boxes dried apple rings; 50 bags arecannuts; 350 kegs wire nails; 30 cases mesomelli; 4800 bundles barshook; 535 pcs plywood; 77 cyl cocoanut oil; 250 cases dehydrated apples; 21211 pcs and bundles teakwood; 27460 bags copra; 9096 bales cotton raw.

EXPORTS

178 bags gingelly seeds M Bhuta and Co; 67 bags shelled almonds H K Kesharwalla; 56 bales raw wool C Lister and Co; 14 bags turmeric N Mulji and Co; 320 bags dry ginger bleached H K Kesharwalla; 172 bags turmeric H K Kesharwalla; 200 bags fenugreek seed Gorakharam Gokalchand; 615 bags myrabollams Purshotam Mathradas and Co Ltd; 150 tons manganese ore The Shivrajpur Syndicate Ltd; 57 bags gum E Valimahomed and Co; 36 pkgs brassware W A Williamson Ltd; 131 bales cotton pcegoods Keshavji Virji and Co; 168 bales cotton pcegoods A E Maskati; 50 bales cotton pcegoods Vasanji Lalji and Sons; 260 bales cotton pcegoods Virchand Panachand and Co; 83 bales cotton pcegoods H M Ghazanfer; 175 bales cotton pcegoods Hariram Khiaram; 50 bales cotton grey yarn H M Ghazanfar; 20 bags capsicums E Virji and Co; 180 bags capsicums E Manji and Co; 347 bags drugs (unmfd) E Manji and Co; 131 bags fleaseed husk D Abraham and Sons;; 640 bags myrabollams H Bhagwandas and Co; 334 bags myrabollams crushed H Bhagwandas and Co; 50 bales cotton cold winding waste Cox and Kings (Agents) Ltd; 212 bales cotton pcegoods Italindia Cotton Co Ltd; 100 bales cotton yarn Italindia Cotton Co Ltd; 98 bales cotton pcegoods Tulsidas Khimji, 150 bales cotton yarn Tulsidas Khimji.

Rovers Cup

Welch Regiment In Final

Wiltshire Regiment Succumb Easily In Replay

The replay between the two military sides, the Welch and the Wiltshire Regiments, in the first semi-final of the Rovers Cup Tournament turned out to be a one sided affair on Monday. The Welshmen carried the day by the substantial margin of six goals to two, Langton claiming four of the goals.

The Wiltshires failing to reproduce the form which earned them a draw on Saturday last, the Welshmen took them off their feet completely and registered as many as four goals in the initial moeity. Hill opened the account for them and Langton added three to the total off his own boots before the adjournment was declared.

After resumption the visitors made strenuous efforts to hold the opposing attackers at bay and for twenty minutes the score remained stationary. Then Langton booked the fifth goal for his side, followed up by Thomas who claimed the sixth and the last for the Welch.

The Wiltshires were thereafter favoured with a spot kick from which Earl scored. And before the final whistle, Timothy reduced the deficit by another goal.

The Welshmen will meet the Mohamedan Sporting, holders, on Wednesday when a titanic struggle is expected. If the Infantrymen can produce their top form, the Mohamedans will not find it so easy to retain the Championship. They will have to find their best colours too to hold their own, in any case it will be a contest worth watching.

RESULT.
WELCH REGIMENT 6 goals.
WILTSHIRE REGIMENT 2 goals.

TEAMS.
WELCH REGIMENT: Williams; Bailey and Brady; Jones, Evans and Veasey; Moore, Stone, Langton, Hill and Thomas.
WILTSHIRE REGIMENT: Maisey; Norris and Crubb; Stevens, Mulpond and Brown, Dixon, Timothy, Earl Masien and Taylor.
REFEREE: J. B. Hudson.

TO-DAY'S CHARITY MATCH.
5-30 p.m. Wiltshire Regiment vs. W.I.A.A.

Chowringhee Y.M.C.A. Tennis Surprises

CALCUTTA: Sept. 20.

Kumar Ghosh defeated C. Sircar in the semi-final of the senior singles in Chowringhee Y.M.C.A. this evening which in the Men's Senior Singles semi-final V. Sivaraman beat A. Ghosh, present Bengal No. 3.

C. I. Nizam Football Tournament

BHOPAL: Sept. 22.

Two military teams qualified to meet each other in the final of the Central India Nizam Football Tournament last evening.

In the first semi-final an Indian military unit beat a British military team by the only goal of the match scored off a penalty in the first-half, the match being throughout keenly contested.

Later in the evening, another British military team gave sparkling display beating Bhopal Electric Supply by 6 goals to 1. The winners are favourites for the trophy final, which will be played this evening.—A. P.

BOMBAY YAR QUOTATIONS.
HEDGE CONTRACT RATES
Bombay: Sept. 22.

Yarn No.	October	December	February
6-1/2s.	203	204	205-N
10 1/2s.	232	233	234-N
20 1/2s.	326 1/2	329 1/2	330
40s.	530	535	540-N

All-India Weather Summary

POONA, Sept. 22

Thundershowers have been widespread in Assam and east and north Bengal and local in Orissa and Malabar and occurred at a few stations in West Central India, West Central Provinces and Mysore.

Earthquake report: An earthquake shock of slight intensity with its origin one thousand five hundred miles away was recorded by the Bombay Seismographs at zero hours twenty-eight minutes, I.S.T. on Monday, the 22nd September, 1941.—A.P.

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of 22-9-1941.

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours +.004 inches

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 82.4 degrees

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 87.7 degrees

Maximum temperature during 24 hours 89.4 degrees (3.9 above normal)

Minimum temperature during 24 hours 79.2 degrees (3.8 above normal)

Relative humidity at 8 a.m. 84 per cent.

Direction of wind at 8 a.m. NE

Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 5 miles per hour.

Total movement of wind in 24 hours 116 miles

Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 15 miles per hour

Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy eq. 10) 6

Rain in 24 hours 0.00 inches.

Total rainfall during the month 6.17 inches.

Total rainfall during the year 34.19 inches.

Earthquake report: An earthquake shock of slight intensity at its origin about 1,490 miles away was recorded by the sejsmographs at the Colaba Observatory at 0h. 28m. I.S.T. on Monday, the 22nd September, 1941.

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 22-9-41

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 84.9 deg. F., a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 30.09 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.88 inches.

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

BANKERS' CLEARING

Cheques delivered through the Bombay Bankers' Clearing House during the week ending 19-9-41 were as under:—No. of cheques—1,38,560. Amount of cheques—Rs. 20,51,90,119/12/3.

CEYLON RACE HORSES COMING TO INDIA

To Compete In Some Of Big Events In Calcutta And Bombay

A big string of race horses from Ceylon, under the charge of Trainer Selvaratnam, will shortly arrive in India to race in Calcutta and Bombay this season.

Included among the batch are Cobalt, Doctrine, who finished second in the Governor's Cup in Ceylon, Great Divide, Lathoric, Little Tim, Elilaw, winner of the Lawyers' Cup and the Galle Cup, Um Colsoom, Trydennis, Brother Scribe, Oil Can, Katipo, Gipsy Song, Indication and Sahab al Farat, who won the Colonial Stakes and ran second in the Turf Club Plate recently.

The R. W. I. T. C. have provisionally classified these horses as under:—

CLASS II: Cobalt, Doctrine, Great Divide and Lotharic.

CLASS III: Elilaw, Little Tim, Trydennis and Um Colsoom.

CLASS IV: Katipo, Gipsy Song, Brother Scribe, Indication and Oil Can.

AMERICA'S CHAMPION THREE-YEAR-OLD WINS AGAIN

BELMONT PARK (New York), September 20.

According to Reuter the American wonder horse, Mr. Warren Wright's three-year-old Whirlaway which was favourite at 10 to 1 today, won the forty-ninth Lawrence Realization Stakes, over a mile and five furlongs, to become the third in the list of all-time money-winners with only Sea Biscuit and Sunbeau ahead.

Whirlaway won by ten lengths from Mr. Hal Price's Alaking, with Mr. W. E. Boeing's Time Counts six lengths behind. Mr. W. Dupont Junior's Fairyman was fourth in a field of four.

The victory was worth 22,000 dollars. Boosting Whirlaway's total earnings to 347,411 dollars.

It is however well-known that Mr. Samuel Riddle's Marrelic beat Whirlaway by 4 1/2 lengths in the £5,000 Narragansett race, run at Rhodes Island on September 15, which was watched by a crowd of 50,000.

There were only four starters:—
Mr. Samuel Riddle's MARRELIC.
Mr. Warren Wright's WHIRL AWAY.
Mr. Howard Well's EQUIPOX.
Mr. R. G. Martin's HALTAL.

Whirlaway was hot favourite, but was unable to hold Marrelic which covered the distance of 1 mile, 330 yards (9 1/2 furlongs) in 1 minute, 57 1/5 seconds.

TENNIS PLAYER SPRINGS SURPRISE

LUCKNOW: Sept. 22.

Mr. Ahad Husain, well-known Tennis player "sprang a surprise" at a dinner given by him last night at the Oudh Gymkhana Club when he appealed to the guests to prepare a scheme to bring about communal harmony.

The object of the dinner was not known till he made his after-dinner speech. His views were endorsed by Dr. Ram, Mr. Ali Zaheer and others. Covers were laid for about 50 persons, including Mrs. Vijayalakshmi Pandit, Syed and Begum Aizaz Rasul, Raja Bishweshwar Dayal Seth, Mrs. and Begam Wasim, Dr. and Mrs. Nehru.—A. P.

Bhopal Yacht Races

BHOPAL, Sept. 22.

Excellent sailing was witnessed in the first race of the Bhopal Yacht Club Handicap Cup series, run last evening the yachts finishing in the following order:—

Timings given below are after deducting the handicap.

SULTANA: (Nawabzada Fakhr-Mulk, handicap zero) 57 minutes 40 seconds; Sea Moab, (Nawabzada Yaminulmulk, handicap zero) 58 minutes 38 seconds;

RED BREAST (Col. Cran, handicap three minutes) 59 minutes 10 seconds;

NAOSHABA (Col. Stewards, handicap three and half minutes) one hour 5 minutes 20 seconds;

OLGA:—(Col. Jennison, handicap 5-1/2 minutes) 1 hr. 15 mts.

CURLEW:—(Capt. Boodrie handicap 4-1/2 mts.) disqualified.

STARLING:—(Col. Birdwood, handicap 4-1/2 minutes), CORALIE (Dr. Valimooraj, handicap 4-1/2 minutes) and HAMDANA, (Col. Iqbal Muhammad Khan, handicap zero) did not start.—A. P.

Calcutta Beats Dacca

CALCUTTA: Sept. 22.

In the East Zone Final of the Inter-University Football Tournament for the Sir Sultan Ahmed Cup, Calcutta University beat to-day Dacca University by 7 goals to 1.—A. P.

Wanted! FACE POWDER that stays on, and cannot enlarge the pores...

You may safely leave it to Coty!

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MUTT AND JEFF—As a News Photographer Jeff Is a Folpping Success — By BUD FISHER

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HOW MANY BANAN' YOU WANT?
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HEDGING AND LIQUIDATION ON N. Y. COTTON EXCHANGE

Commission House And New Orleans Selling

WEATHER FAVOURABLE OVER BELT

BOMBAY, September 22.

There was further hedge selling and long liquidation on the New York Cotton Exchange on Saturday which carried near month under 17 cent level.

Weather over the American Cotton Belt was favourable and the crop movement is increasing. This again is increasing hedge selling and in the absence of any constructive news, prices are sagging.

On Saturday despite constructive interpretations of the price administration's textile sliding scale, the New York cotton market declined on hedging and long liquidation against acquisition of actuals, commission house and New Orleans selling due to increasing price control uncertainties. There was trade support on the decline and the market closed steady.

NEW YORK WEEKLY REVIEW

Cotton more active hedging against liberal spot sales, commission house liquidation and New Orleans selling but rallied in anticipation of favourable developments in Washington.

According to the Agricultural Department the recent advance caused growers in some areas in Texas and Oklahoma to hold a greater portion of early ginning with other areas being sold immediately ginned.

Prior to the subsidy announcement, Canadian mills were reported to have been holding off purchases of Brazilian and American growths.

An additional 60,000 bales Government-owned cotton was made available for lend and lease.

In the latter part of the week the market eased and further irregularity is indicated.

Cotton goods at a deadlock awaiting office of Price Administration and Civilian Supply revision of ceilings.

NEW YORK MARKET

The New York cotton market opened at a decline of 7 points with October 17.19 and improved to 17.23 which was the highest level. At the advice there was renewed selling and October declined to 16.96 which was the lowest level. The market closed at a net decline of 37 to 18 points. Longs were transferring December contracts to May.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET

The New Orleans cotton futures market was also easy on increased selling and closed at a net decline of 28 to 21 points. Spot cotton prices were reduced 21 points at 16.70c. per lb.

HIGH CONSUMPTION

The 'Cotton Trade Journal' writes:—"Continuation of high consumption may safely be expected. The rise in the price of cotton will probably, almost certainly, be paralleled by increases in the price of competitive fibres, natural or synthetic. People have been re-educated to the use of cotton and it is up to the textile manufacturers to keep their customers pleased with the service they get from cotton fabrics.

Should the purchasing for defence necessities be cut off the general consumption may not be decreased by more than 10 or 15 per cent, if the nation continues at its present rate of activity. The manufacturing of everything still lacking in this country and the supplying of devastated countries may very well keep that rate of activity high for years after the end of the conflict. After all, even in this country we have to make up for a prolonged depression during which production of all kinds of goods and building has been at a low ebb.

But the ace in the hole for the cotton producer is the use of cotton and its by-products in the manufacture of plastic materials to replace high cost commodities. There have been suggestions to get the farmers to plant cotton mainly for the seed and the oil, with the lint as a by-product. This probably will never be needed. In the normal channels of trade there will be equal need for lint and cottonseed products.

Various organizations have tackled the problem of putting cotton to uses it had never been put to before. Some results are very promising. In most cases, however, the pre-requisite of such new uses is a reasonable price as compared to other commodities and services. American ingenuity has always been able to produce in bigger quantities at cheaper prices. The next "farm programme' should be directed mainly to increasing the farmer's income by lowering his cost of production and increasing the yield per acre. That is the only economic, and accordingly sound, way of solving forever the farm problem."

PRIVATE CABLES—

New York October highest (10-3 a.m.) ..... 17.23—03

New York October lowest (12 a.m.) ..... 16.96—30

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co Ltd have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends:—

New York: Market declined on active hedge selling and long liquidation. Weather favourable.

RENEWED BUYING IN SHARE BAZAR

Active Replacing In Cotton Mill Shares

BELLAPURS AND MORARJIS FIRM

Bombay, Sept. 22

The local share bazar was fairly firm on active buying in Cotton Mill shares under reports that the negotiations with Japan for a settlement of the Japanese American relations have reached a virtual standstill. There was active buying in Cotton Mill shares which flared up but at the rise there was some realising. Particularly Morarjee shares were firm. Tata Steel shares were quietly steady and Burmas were easy with scattered selling. On Saturday the Wall Street market was quiet and U. S. Steel shares declined 1/2 at 56 1/2 and Anaconda Copper Mining shares were 1/4 down at 27 3/4. General Motors were unchanged at 40 3/8 dollars.

In the local market Tata Steel Defd shares opened at Rs. 2082 and advanced to Rs. 2100 but reacted to Rs. 2088. Ordinary shares opened at Rs. 396 and after advancing to Rs. 399 steadied at Rs. 397. Bombay Dyeing shares opened at Rs. 1267 and advanced to Rs. 1286 but sagged to Rs. 1280. Morarji Mills were in keen demand at Rs. 422. Bellapur Sugars were also active and after opening at Rs. 239 advanced to Rs. 251. Bombay Burmas were quiet at Rs. 512 but later improved to Rs. 518. Towards the close Tata Steel Ordinary shares improved to Rs. 399 and Dyeings were quoted at Rs. 1277.

TEXTILES

Bombay, Sept. 22.

100	Ahmed. Advanc	337	0
250	BOMBAY DYEING	1277	0
100	CENTURY	518	12
100	CENTRAL INDIA	383	0
100	COLABA	214	0
100	Cooria	140	0
250	David	257	8
250	Dawn	425	0
1	E. D. Sassoon Defd	2 4	6
100	FINLAY	237	0
100	GOKAK	257	0
1000	Hindustan	2150	0
100	Indore	190	0
100	Khatau	205	4
100	KOHINOOR	510	0
250	LAXMI	615	0
100	MORARJI	420	0
250	Model	148	8
50	MYSORE	132	0
100	NEW GREAT	302	0
100	Osmanshahi	109	0
100	Phoenix	345	0
25	Sassoon Silk	81	4
1000	Sholapur	4150	0
50	SIMPLEX	151	0
100	SWADESHI	405	8
100	SWAN	222	0
500	Vishnu	1360	0
1000	Western	1350	0
	BANKS		
50-100	Baroda	115	8
25-50	Central	48	8
500	Imperial	1615	0
125-500	Imp. Conty	398	0
50-100	India	146	12
100	Reserve Bank	112	0
5	Union	7	8
	CEMENTS		
100	ASSOCIATED	153	8
	INSURANCE		
10-50	British India	12	0
100	Empire	707	0
15-100	Jupiter	16	14
20	Mercantile	73	0
15-75	New India	51	8
200	Oriental	4475	0
15-50	Vulcan	11	2
	ELECTRIC		
100	Ahm. Old	186	0
1000	ANDHRA VALLEY	1717	8
10	Ajmer	X.D. 12	2
50	BOMBAY TRAM	155	8
100	Bombay Suburban	181	4
10	Broach	13	8
100	Karachi	206	10
100	Poona	217	8
100	Surat	188	0
100	TATA HYDRO	191	14
1000	TATA POWER	1805	0
	RAILWAYS		
500	Ahmedabad Prantij	875	0
100	C. Province	106	0
100	Dhond Baramati	104	4
100	Gujarat	105	0
100	Mandra Bhon	106	4
100	Pachora Jamner	93	0
100	Sara Sirajganj	106	8
500	Tapti Valley	962	0
	MININGS		
9	Burma Corp	4	9
2sh.	Indian Copper	2	3 6
10	Indian Iron and Steel	34	14
10	SHIVRAJPUR	40	0
10	Mucund Iron X.D	14	0
30	TATA STEEL DEF.	2080	0
75	TATA STEEL ORD	399	0
10	Steel Corporation	20	7
	MISCELLANEOUS		
100	ALCOCK	632	0
10	Air Services	2	14
50	BELAPUR SUGAR	251	0
200	Bombay Safe Dep	650	0
250	BOMBAY STEAM	387	0
125	B. Burma	518	0
50	Burma Cont	175	0
8sh.	Br. B. Petrol	3 8	6
100	IND. BLEACHING	141	0
50	Ind. Invest Trust	54	0
100	Indian Radio Def	600	0
100	Indian Radio Ord.	590	0
100	Port Canning	93	0
30	PREMIER CON X.D.	117	0
15	Scindie	25	15
25	Tata Oil	56	0
10	Tata Chemicals	15	6
100	Wimco	215	0
	PREFERENCE		
7	p.c. Andhra Valley	1570	0
6	p.c. Bombay Steam	313	12
7	p.c. Bom. Tram (T.F.)	77	12
5	p.c Central India (T. F.)	648	12
6	1/4 p.c Prem Const 1st	122	8
6	1/4 p.c. Prem Const 2nd	117	8
7	p.c. Tata Hydro	165	10
7	1/2 p.c. Tata Power	1660	0
6	p.c. Tata Steel 1st	215	0
7	1/2 p.c. Tata Steel 2nd	151	12
7	p.c. Vishnu	737	8
	DEBENTURES		
4	p.c Andhra Valley Deb.	106	0
4	p.c. Bombay Telephone	49	14
5	p.c. Morarji	103	4
5	p.c. Sholapur	71	6

Cash Quotations were as undre:—BOM. RYEING 1200, CENTURY 490, CENTRAL INDIA 352, COLABA* 124, FINLAY* 200, GOKAK* 228, KOHINOOR* 465, MORARJI* 400, MYSORE* 141, NEW GREAT* 269, PHOENIX* 352, SIMPLEX* 134, EWADESHI* 367, SWAN* 197, ASSOCIATED* 149, ANDHRA VLY.* 1790, BOM. TRAM* 149, TATA HYDRO* 190, TATA JOWER* 1780, SHIVRAJPUR* 34-0, TATA STL. DED.* 2040, TATA STL DR.* 388, ALCOCK* 580, BELAPUR SUGAR* 231, BOM. STEAM* 348, BOMBAY BURMA* 495, IND BLEACHING* 132, PREMIER CONST* 108.

SUGAR MARKET

Bombay, Sept. 22

Fine White Java sugar per cwt:
September From Bond Rs. 12-0-0
African From Bond Rs. 10-0-0
Sipment June Rs 9-8-0 F B H
Shipment September Rs. 9-4-0 F B H
Indian sugars ready:—
Ready (ordinary) Rs. 14-8-0 to 14-14-0
Ready (large grain) Rs. 15-0-0 to 16-12-0
Tone:—Steady.

LINSEED AND WHEAT

Bombay, Sept. 22

Linseed	May	6	9
Wheat	January	6	7
Wheat	May	6	10

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE

Bombay, Sept. 22

Bombay Dyeing (1257/8) 1260 1275 1286 1276 1281 1277
Century (509) 513 518 523 521 523 519 518
Central India (378) 377 384 383 385 384 385/8
Kohinoor (501) 504 511 510
New Great (292) 293 302 301 302
Simplex (146) 147 151 150/8 151
Swadeshi (400) 402 407 406 405/8
Associated Cement (153/8) 153/8 152/8 153
Tram Ord (156) 155/8
Tata Hydro (191) 191
Tata Power (1800) 1805 1820 1810 1803 1805
T Steel Defd (2090) 2082 2087 2082 2097 2088 2096 2090
T Steel Ord (395) 395 399 397 399
Tata Steel 2nd Pref (152/8) 152/8 151/12
Bellapur (241) 240 249 251
B Steam (3/0) 387
B Burma (518/12) 510 515 508 518

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

Bombay, Sept 22

The tone of the market was somewhat better to-day with prices showing some gains. Tata Deferreds which previously stood at 2040, opened at 2030 and advanced to 2050 but closed at 2045. Tata Ordinaries opened at 389 and moved between 388 and 390. Textiles showed an improvement today with Bombay Dyeings being finally quoted at 1207-8. Indian Irons stood at 34-14.

The following were the important quotations on the Exchange, to-day:

Tata Deferreds (2040) 2030 45 40 50 45
Tata Ordinaries (390-8) 389 88 90 88-8
Tata Ordinary 388/8; Tata Deferred 2045; Indian Iron 34/14; Steel Corpn of Bengal 20/7; Bombay Dyeing 1207/8; Central India 355; Century 490; Gokak 225/10; Kohinoor 461/4; Simplex 135; Andhra Valley 1790; Tata Hydro 191/4; Tata Power 1752/8; Associated Cement 149; Belapur 230; Bombay Burma (old) 495.

MONEY MARKET

Bombay, Sept. 22

LONDON:—
Banks buying 90 days/St. 1/6 7/32 Two months.
Banks buying 90 days/St. 1/6 1/4 Three months.
Banks buying 90 days/St. 1/6 9/32 Four months.
& C RATES:—
T T 1/5 29/32; D D 1/6 29/32
Banks selling T T 1/5 15/16; D D 1/5 15/16
Banks buying T T 1/6d; D D 1/6 3/32
NEW YORK:—
Banks selling T T Rs. 333 1/4 D D Rs 333 1/4
Banks buying T T Rs. 330; D D Rs. 328 1/2
Cross Rates Dol 4.02 1/2 3 1/2
MONTREAL:—
Banks selling T T Rs 303; D D Rs. 303
Banks buying T T Rs. 297 3/4; D D Rs. 296 1/4
Cross Rates Dol 4.43/47
JAVA:—
Banks selling T T Gld 56 3/4; D D Gld 56.
Banks buying T T Gld 57 1/8; D D Gld 57 1/2
Cross Rates Gld 7.58/62
JAPAN:—
Banks selling T T not quoting; D D not quoting
Banks buying T T not quoting; D D not quoting.
Cross Rates Sh 1/8 1/9
BERNE:—
Banks selling T T Fcs 126 3/4; D D nil.
Banks buying T T Fcs 133 1/2; D D nil.
Cross Rates Fcs 17.30/40
STOCKHOLM:—
Banks selling T T K 123, D D K 123
Banks buying T T K 128; D D K 128
Cross Rates K 15.86/96
SINGAPORE:—
Banks selling T T Rs. 158; D D Rs. 158
Banks buying T T Rs. 155; D D Rs. 155
Cross Rates Sh 2/4 5/32 7/32
HONGKONG:—
Banks selling T T Rs. 85 1/4; D D Rs. 84 1/2
Banks buying T T Rs. 81 1/2; D D Rs 81 1/2
Cross Rates Sh 1/3 1/32
SHANGHAI—
Banks selling T T not quoting; D D not quoting.
Banks buying T T not quoting; D D not quoting
Cross Rates Sh 0-3 3/16
MEXICO:—
Banks selling T T Rs. 67.27; D D Rs. 66.27
Banks buying T T Rs. 63.04; D D Rs. 62.04
Cross Rates Pes. 19.5. 21.5.
LISBON:—
Banks selling T T Esc 7.35 nom; D D Esc 7.35 nom.
Banks buying T T Esc 7.55; D D Esc 7.55
Cross Rate Esc 99.80 100.20
NEW YORK:—
Cross Rate Dol. 4.03 1/2
Tone of sterling Exchange:—Steady
Gold £3-3-0 Ready
New York Silver 34 3/4
London Silver 23 1/2 Ready; 23 7/16 Forward.
London Discounts 3 months 1 1/16 per cent
London Discounts 6 months 1 1/4 per cent
Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent.
Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.
Money:—Call unquoted.
1 to 2 months 1/4 per cent.
3 to 6 months 1/2 per cent.
9 months 3/4 per cent.
Tone:—Very easy.

GOVT. SECURITIES

Bombay, Sept. 22.

2 3/4 per cent 1948/52 Loan 97-12
3 1/2 per cent G P Notes 96-0
3 per cent 1951-54 Loan 99-13
3 per cent 1949-52 Loan 100-0
3-1/2 per cent 1947/50 Loan 103-4
4 per cent 1960/70 Loan 110-9
4 per cent 1943 Bonds 104-0
3 per cent War Bonds 102-0
4 1/2 per cent 1955/60 Loan 114

TAX FREE LOANS

5 per cent 1945/55 Loan 111-6
4 per cent 1953/63 Mysore 116-8
5 per cent 1955 Mysore 127-4

CORPORATION DEBENTURE

4 per cent B P T 1947 110-0
4 per cent M Deb 1947 110
5 per cent M Deb 1956 116-0
6 per cent M Deb 1954 129-4
6 per cent K P T 1956 129-12
Tone:—Steady.

PEPPER & GINGER

Bombay, Sept. 22

Pepper	ready	93	0 0
Pepper	Maha Sud 15	94	8 0
Ginger	ready	37	0 0
Ginger	Maha Sud 15	30	0 0

COTTON PARITY

Broach A/M below New York May 755 cent points at 331

HIGH AND LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, Sept. 20

Broach A/M highest 261 1/2 lowest 258 3/4 closing 261 1/2
Oomra D/J highest 204 lowest 200 closing 203 1/2
Bengal D/J highest 158 1/4 lowest 156 1/4 closing 158

GOLD AND SILVER

Bombay, Sept. 22

On Saturday, Foreign markets were closed. Dollar sterling cross rate was 4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2 at London and 4.03 1/2 at New York. London Spot silver was 23 1/2d. and forward was 23 7/16d. New York Spot silver was 34 3/4 cents. London Bombay Spot silver parity was Rs. 62-10-3 and forward parity was Rs. 62-8-0. The local market was active with increased buying in gold and prices after advancing to Rs. 42-7-6 declined to Rs. 42-5-6 on long liquidation. Silver was quietly steady. Quotations were as under:—

GOLD

Ready	Rs.	42	5 6
Aso		42	5 6
Kartak		42	5 6
Sovereigns		28	10 0

SILVER

Ready		63	0 0
Aso		63	0 0
Kartak		63	1 3

TEJI MANDI PREMIUMS

Bombay, Sept. 22

Wheat	January	0	7 6
Wheat	May	0	12 6
Linseed	May	1	2 0
Groundnut	February	5	4 0
Castorseed	May	6	0 0
Cottonseed	January	2	2 0
Silver	1st settlement	0	5 0
Silver	2nd settlement	0	10 0
Gold	1st settlement	0	4 0
Gold	2nd settlement	0	8 0

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, Sept. 22

Following a decline of 30 points in New York cotton futures, the local market was expected to open at Rs. 259 for Broach A/M delivery but the market opened quiet at Rs. 258/8 and declined to Rs. 256/12 on long liquidation. At the decline there was scattered covering and prices steadied at Rs. 257. The local market outlook is discouraging and the full effect of the subsidy will be felt, when the new crop arrives. However, higher levels will not attract buyers but from time to time adjustments are not unlikely. Trading in Oomra March was again reported at Rs. 5 under Oomra D/J contract.

The local market will close at 3 p.m. on Tuesday, being a Sectional holiday. There was moderate support from professional quarters and prices improved to Rs. 258/4 but reacted to Rs. 257/4. There was renewed selling and prices declined to Rs. 255/8. Trading was narrow. The market closed at 5 p.m. as under:—

Broach A/M	Rs.	255	12 0
Oomra D/J		198	0 0
Oomra March		193	4 0
Bengal D/J		156	4 0
Bengal March		158	4 0

GROUNDNUTS AND SEEDS

Bombay, Sept. 22

Groundnuts February—			
Opening		41	8 0
Highest		42	9 6
Lowest		41	2 0
Closing		41	7 0
Cottonseeds January—			
Opening		24	4 0
Highest		24	9 0
Lowest		24	1 6
Closing		24	6 0
Castorseeds May—			
Opening		39	2 0
Highest		40	1 0
Lowest		39	0 0
Closing		39	5 0

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES

	1941-42	1940-41
F P Bales		
Receipts to date 20-9-41	599000	810000
Receipts yesterday 20-9-41	15000	27000
Export to date 19-9-41	.....	116000
Stock at Ports 19-9-41	3140000	2754000
Stock at Interior Towns 19-9-41	2132000	1943000
Stock at Liverpool 19-9-41	.....	.....
Visible Supply 19-9-41	.....	.....
Quantity in sight 19-9-41	1242000	1182000
Quantity out of sight 19-9-41	.....	.....

BOMBAY METALS.

Bombay, Sept. 22

Yellow metal sheets ..... Rs. 95 0 0
Copper sheets ..... Rs. 88 8 0
Tone:—Steady.

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS

Bombay, Sept. 22

Bengal Fine	148-52
Berar	190-95
C. P. 1	222-24
C. P. 2	202-05
Khandesh	135-50
Muglai	155-50
Broach	223-28
Broach Low	188-98

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES.

Bombay, Sept. 22

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY

In full-pressed bales.	20-9-41. This year	Since 1st Sept. Last year
Khandesh	.....	30
Central India	447	.....
Barsi and Nagar	702	29
Berar	805	13
Central Provinces	1,083	.....
Total Oomras	3,037	72
Dholeras	217 4,113	118
N W Provinces	246	.....
Rajputana	18	.....
Sind-Punjab	5,783	8,876
Broach	403	.....
Coompta & Dharwar	1,047	2,789
Westerns-Northerns	1,512	2,785
Tinnevelly & Cambodia	2,980	.....
Total	217 19,139	14,640

Tin Situation

NEW DELHI, Sept. 22

According to the current issue of the Tin Research Institute's Statistical Bulletin, world production of tin in May 1941 is estimated at 22,200 tons, compared with 17,100 tons in April. Production for the first five months was 96,000 tons in 1941, against 85,400 tons in 1940.

United States deliveries totalled 10,490 tons in May 1941, against 13,955 tons in April. The U. S. deliveries in the first five months of 1941 were 65,492 tons, compared with 41,384 tons in the corresponding period of 1940.

The tin consumption of the United Kingdom was 9,509 tons in the first four months of 1941, against 9,695 tons in the corresponding period of 1940.

World stocks of tin, including Smelters' stocks and carry-over, increased by 3,693 tons during May 1941, to 57,140 tons at the end of the month. Stocks at the end of May, 1940 were 40,785 tons.

The average cash price of standard tin in London was £267.7 per ton in May 1941, compared with £270.0 in the previous month. The average price of straits tin in New York was 52.18 cents per lb. in May 1941, against 51.96 cents per lb in April. The average price for May 1940 was 51.48 cents per lb.

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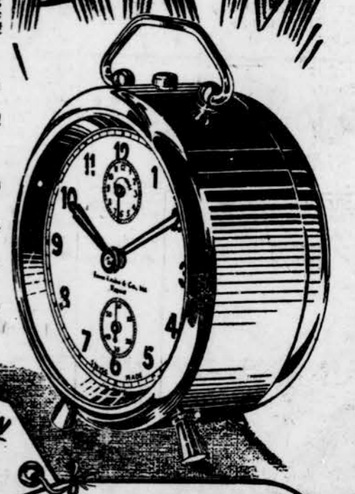

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Tuesday, September 23, 1941

Regd. No. B 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B 1065

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

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RED ARMY'S ORDERLY RETREAT FROM KIEV

Nazis Enter City Of Ruins

BATTLE OF POSITIONS IN LENINGRAD

Savage And Bloody Battles Continue To Rage

MOSCOW, Sept. 22.

The following is the text of the Soviet midnight communique issued by the Soviet Information Bureau:

"During September 21st our troops fought the enemy along the whole front.

After many days of fierce fighting our troops evacuated Kiev.

During September 19 we destroyed 60 German planes and lost 24.

A Finnish coastal defence battleship, "Ilmarinen" during an attack by our ships in the Gulf of Finland, struck mines and sank."

FIGHTING ALONG WHOLE FRONT

LONDON, Sept. 22.

The Soviet midday 'communique' broadcast by the Moscow Radio at 11-0 (G.M.T.) states: "During the night of September 21 our troops continued fighting the enemy along the whole front."

In a supplement the 'communique' says that, during September 20 on the western direction of the front, Soviet airmen destroyed 15 tanks, 90 lorries, 11 anti-aircraft guns and brought down one enemy plane.

Budenny's Tactics

With the loss of Kiev officially announced by Moscow and the German report that the Capital of the Ukraine is in a state of "indescribable devastation", interest in London is to-day focussed upon the savage fighting which is proceeding east of the city. Here regulars of the Soviet Red Army supplemented by detachments of the Home Guard are reported to be fighting a gallant rearguard action. Reports on the outcome of this fighting are keenly awaited.

RELUCTANT ADMISSION

Meanwhile the Germans claim to have annihilated large bodies of troops in this area and taken 150,000 prisoners.

The reluctant Nazi admission that the Russians have left behind only a city of ruins and wreckage would indicate that Marshal Budenny has made an orderly retreat.

Professing concern for Kiev's civilian population, the Germans declare: "By their destructive rage, the Bolsheviks have endangered the lives of tens of thousands in the cruellest fashion", but it is pointed out in London that there is no basis for this statement.

CIVILIANS EVACUATED

In fact, observers here take hope from the German reports, considering that the thorough devastation inflicted on this holy Russian city indicates not only the orderly withdrawal of the armed forces, but that Kiev's civilians were properly evacuated. This would indicate considerable preparation beforehand and would imply that the city's defenders had laid plans in advance by which they hope to insure the outcome of the engagements which are now proceeding.

Battle Of Kiev

"Reuter's" resident correspondent in Moscow wires:—

The Germans brought up about 250,000 men for the attack on Kiev and in the last days the Soviet forces there were outnumbered. The Germans launched a mass attack in the middle of last week, but the Russians held on for several days.

The battle for the possession of Kiev was fought out from one section of the city to another and this suggests that the Soviet Command was able in the meantime to withdraw a large part of its forces safely across the Dnieper They have been aided in this withdrawal by the flotilla on the Dnieper and by artillery on the left bank of the river which put up strong fire to cover the retirement.

It was impossible for the Germans to follow quickly. Reinforced Russian armies on the left bank of the Dnieper are now able to concentrate on the threat constituted by the German thrusts from Chernigov and Kremenchug.

There is no confirmation here of the German claim that this pincers movement has already resulted in encircling of the Russian troops. In any case it is felt here that the withdrawal from the Capital of the Ukraine is counter-balanced by the fact that it comes after three months of the war which was certainly not what the Germans originally expected.

German Claims

A German 'communique' states that in the region east of Kiev, German forces are continuing the destruction of enemy troops. The figures of prisoners and booty announced yesterday had already been considerably increased and heavy casualties inflicted on the enemy.

As also already reported, Arensburg, Capital of Oesel, has been taken and clearing up of enemy garrison is imminent.

One cruiser, two destroyers, an anti-aircraft ship and nine merchantships were sunk by the Luftwaffe in the Black Sea.

In the waters of Kronstadt, the battleship "October Revolution" the heavy cruiser "Kirov", another cruiser, three destroyers, minesweepers and a gunboat received direct hits.

There was no air activity over Reich territory by day or night."

If Berlin Claim Is True

If the German claim to have reached the Sea of Azov is justified, then the enemy have cut off Crimea and it is possible that they are aiming at destroying Rostov, it is stated in authoritative quarters in London to-day. There is no indication whether the Germans have succeeded in continuing their advance beyond Kiev, but there is undoubtedly heavy fighting on that front.

There is no news of operations around Smolensk or in the Leningrad Sector.

LENINGRAD & ODESSA FIGHT BACK

Reports from Leningrad and Odessa state that despite the evacuation of Kiev, the defenders of Leningrad and Odessa are continuing to fight against the German onslaught courageously and most severe fighting has been going on during the last 24 hours in these two theatres of the Russian Front.

SAVAGE AND BLOODY BATTLE

Reuter's resident correspondent in Moscow writes:

The Germans are using large numbers of aircraft in an attempt to make it unendurable for the defenders of Leningrad's fortified positions, according to dispatches from that city.

The army defending Leningrad, however, is increasing in strength rather than decreasing. There are large reserves of man power to be drawn upon. As more and more units of the Home Guard are trained they are being sent to reinforce its fighting at the front side by side with the Red Army.

The savage and bloody battle, which has been going on for weeks, are still continuing on this restricted front. German prisoners tell of many units, of which only 40 per cent. of effectives are left.

Enemy Reverses In South

Meanwhile at the other end of the vast front, defenders of the Black Sea port of Odessa have improved their positions in some sections during the past few days. They have thrown back the enemy and have nowhere lost ground.

German and Rumanian attacks on two villages, Lustdorf and Dalnik, summer resorts situated some distance from the port, were decisively beaten off.

The punching power of the defending troops is increasing and heavy losses continue to be inflicted on the enemy.

WAR OF POSITIONS

The correspondent continues.-

For some days past the Germans have not made any progress against Leningrad and already a month has elapsed since danger first threatened the city.

The latest reports show that the war has now become one of positions.

The rainsoaked soil of those parts of the marshy approaches to Leningrad where it is possible to fight is being churned up by constant artillery barrage and bombings.

Soviet troops in many sub-sectors have managed to keep the initiative in dealing frequent stabbing blows which have prevented the enemy developing his own tactical plan.

NAZIS DRIVEN BACK

In the most recent fighting the Germans managed to break through into one of the small towns on the southern approaches to Leningrad.

Street battles ensued until the Soviet High Command threw in more men in a counter-offensive and the Germans were driven out.

The Germans reinforced and attacked a second time and forced an entry into a suburb of the same town but were again fleeing back.

This is only one example of the unceasing struggle which is going on, as other sub-sectors could tell of similar battles.

COSTLY PROGRESS

South-west of the Leningrad region, at the village of "B" the German infantry made a series of costly and unsuccessful attempts at progress and the German Command sent in a battalion of tanks.

The Soviet artillery held positions from which it was possible to get the range on the tanks from two sides and the whole battalion of tanks was shattered.

Another sub-section of Soviet troops threw back the Germans from a railway line and captured a most important line where the Germans had established themselves.

The strength of Odessa's defences is increasing every day, it was announced by the Moscow Radio on Sunday night.

The defenders are resisting huge German forces who are sustaining very heavy losses.

Red Army troops have reoccupied the Island of Horitza on the Dnieper River which has been in German hands for several weeks.

NAZI SAVAGERY

The local inhabitants, added the Moscow announcer, showed the Soviet men a hastily filled common grave wherein under a thin layer of earth were the savagely mutilated bodies of three Red Army men and a nurse.

It was announced in Berlin on Sunday night that when German troops entered Kiev they found "indescribable devastation."

This is complete contradiction of earlier statements from Axis sources which said that the city had been captured virtually intact and the Russians "scorched earth" tactics had not been applied there.

To-night's announcement issued by the official German News Agency says, "All vital supplies had been removed or blown up and water and electricity work destroyed and put out of action."

"The place is strewn with wreckage of the railways and bridges that have been blown up.

The population had not the bare necessities of life. By their destructive rage the Bolsheviks have endangered the lives of tens of thousands in the crudest fashion.".

GIRL MUNITION WORKER SETS UP WORLD RECORD

BIRMINGHAM, Sept 21.

A twenty-one-year-old girl, Evelyn Duncan has created a world record for the production of anti-aircraft shell components.

She turned out 6,130 components in six days.

Evelyn Duncan reached this figure in a competition held here in connection with the recruiting campaign.

The previous record was 5,000 components in one week.—Reuter.

NEW SYRIAN MINISTRY UNDER HASSAN HAKIM

DAMASCUS, Sept. 21.

A new Syrian Ministry under the premiership of Hassan Hakim has been formed. The Free French General, Catroux, is expected to issue a declaration concerning the new Statute of Independence of Syria.—Reuter.

Sir F. K. Noon For India

LONDON, Sept. 21.

Sir Firoze Khan Noon, Member-designate of the Viceroy's Executive Council, has left London for India. He would be available for the first meeting of the Council early in October.

Before leaving London Sir Firoze got himself examined by Dr. Nanda, one of leading experts in radio-therapy and glandular treatment in London. The doctor proclaimed that Sir Firoze was in very fit condition of health.—United Press.

5 To Die For Hearing British Broadcast

LONDON, Sept. 21.

Five Dutchmen have been sentenced to death by the Germans for listening to British broadcasts, according to a message from the Hague to the newspaper "Neuezuricher Zeitung".—Reuter.

PAUSE IN PUTSCH?

It is probable that after Germany's latest successes in Russia there will be a pause when the Russian winter sets in during which Germany will endeavour to make political capital out of her victories, says the leading Milan newspaper "Sera." The limit of the German advance during 1941 is expected to be the Railway lines linking Leningrad and Moscow, Kharkov and Rostov, the newspaper says.

SLOVAK ARMY.

The absence of recent reports concerning the Slovak Army on the Eastern Front is explained by the frontline correspondent of "Popolo d'Italia" who says that the Russians after almost completely encircling the Slovak Army defeated it on July 20 in Lipoviez Sector 125 miles south-west of Kiev. Only the intervention of strong German infantry detachments saved the Slovak Army which has only very recently been rearmed and re-entered fighting, says the correspondent.

Russia Can't Be Beaten

EYE-WITNESS ACCOUNT OF SOVIET WAR

LONDON, Sept. 21.

The "Daily Express" publishes the following telegram from Ralph Ingersoll, the Publisher of the New York newspaper "P.M." who has just completed a visit to Russia. The Cable is dated Ankara September 19 and runs:—

"Russia cannot be beaten—of that I am convinced. Russia is as proud of its war as papa over the first baby. Moscow itself has been untouched by German bombing food is good, and Russian 'morale' is spectacularly good—yet just Plain and Cocky.

My observations have convinced me that the Russian Army is well equipped. Its soldiers are well fed. Army Staff work is good. Transportation is excellent and improving.

I got a real feeling that they will win the war.

INTERVIEW WITH STALIN

I had an hour's private conversation with Stalin who is confident and direct speaking. It is plain that the issue of the war is already settled—it will be that of German factory against United States and British factory production.

The losses of material are heavy on both sides. The problem is of getting American production delivered to Russia.

Train loads of machinery are being transported from behind the lines to safe new places east of the Caspian. Whole factories are loaded on a train including all the managers and technicians and set down in new locations to keep them functioning despite the German occupation of the old sites.

INDUSTRY MOVES EAST

This move of industry to the East was observable both when I entered Russia going 'via' China and the Gobi Desert, and on my way out south to the Turkish border.

Moscow air raid precautions are extraordinarily good, as good now after three months' of war as it was possible to develop it in London after a year, because Moscow has profited by London's experience.

RATION SYSTEM

The NES system of rationing adopted in Moscow is a type not exactly communistic. One basic card for food and clothing is given to everyone. These cards are good in certain stores where prices are kept low. In addition, there are number of other stores where more expensive food and clothes are available without rationing. This permits those with money to get more than the basic minimum ration.

Total Eclipse Observed For One Minute

MOSCOW, Sept 21.

The eclipse of the sun this day was observed over a stretch of 1,750 miles of the Soviet Union from the north of the Caucasus to Kirghiztan beginning at 03-12 G. M. T.

A complete eclipse was observable during a period of about one minute over a stretch of 65 miles. A scientific expedition, recently sent to Kazilorda Kasakhstan recently, made observations.—Reuter.

Fire At Istanbul Destroys Church Of Patriarchate

VICHY, Sept 21.

Serious damage resulted from a fire which broke out in Istanbul during Saturday night in Oecumenical (orthodox) Patriarchate on the Golden Horn.

This is reported in an Istanbul dispatch to the Vichy News Agency. The dispatch adds that the famous church of orthodox Patriarchate was burned out.

The church treasures, however, were mainly saved. 50 houses in the neighbourhood were also destroyed.—Reuter.

Danish Attempt To Poison Nazi Troops

LONDON, Sept. 21.

Metal shavings have been found in tinned meat produced in Denmark and taken to feed German soldiers on the Eastern front.

A special order of the German infantry regiment, number 415 operating in Kholm District, according to the "Soviet War News" states, "tinned meat produced in Denmark was found to contain metal shavings of one to two centimetres long and point 25 millimetres in diameter.

All ranks should be warned against this and all cases immediately reported to the regimental headquarters.

The reports are to be accompanied by a sample of the meat and whenever possible by the tin." —Reuter.

Rabbi Wise Condemns Hitler's Attack On Jews

NEW YORK. Sept. 21.

President Roosevelt has sent a message to the Jews everywhere which was broadcast by Rabbi Stephen Wise when speaking in connection with the opening of the year 5702 in the Jewish calendar.

President Roosevelt has expressed confidence that despite the temporary darkness encompassing the world the light of liberty would not be extinguished and added, "With united devotion to the just cause of peace and tolerance, we must rededicate ourselves to the task which lies before us in order that all peoples may live as equals".

Rabbi Wise said that of the 150 million people captive to Hitler only six million were Jews but his assault on them was a smoke-screen for a concerted attack on all institutions of democracy and freedom.—Reuter.

Large Increase In Air Training Schools Likely

OTTAWA, Sept. 21.

Large increases in the number of air training schools in Canada and in the output of the existing schools were forecast by Air Vice-Marshal Johnson, the Deputy Chief of Airstaff, in a radio talk broadcast throughout Canada Sunday night.

We are approaching the point of all-out production of pilots, observers and gunners as set forth in the original agreement.

You can count on the fingers of one hand schools that the plan provided for which remain to be opened.

The enterprise is being very largely extended.

All across Canada schools will arise on still unbroken ground.

According to the Canadian Air Ministry spokesman, new schools referred to by Air Vice-Marshal Johnson will be R. A. F. schools operated and manned by British personnel.—Reuter.

TOKYO, Sept. 21.

The eclipse of the Sun was observed in perfect weather conditions by a Japanese Scientific mission on Sunday on the island of Ishigaki Shima, 150 miles east of Formosa.—Reuter.

Edgar Wallace's Detective Story Day By Day

INSPECTOR WADE AND THE FLYING SQUAD

WE HAVE SHAKEN OFF THAT ACCURSED INSPECTOR WADE!
FOR HOW LONG, BALDO?
NO CHANCE TO CATCH THEM NOW. WE'LL HEAD FOR THE LABORATORY!
THEM CROOKED FURRINERS TOOK OUR CAR. WE AIN'T GOT---
WE'LL USE ANYTHING!
AFTER THAT SLOW PLANE WE HAD, I CAN'T STAND THIS SUDDEN BURST OF SPEED!
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